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REPORT OF CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL ACCOUNTS WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31/12/2021

Fecha: 1/04/2022

DELEGACIÓN CENTRAL C/ CASTELLO 95, 4° C 28.006 MADRID

Tfno: 902.193.217 Fax: 902.195.296 E-mail: <u>auditoria@cyoauditores.com</u> <u>http://www.cyoauditores.com</u> $\begin{array}{c} C\&O \ Consultores \ y \ Auditores \ sL \\ \text{R.o.a.c. } N^{\circ} \ \text{S-}1194 \\ \text{Grupo} \ C\&O \ Auditores \\ \end{array}$



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL ACCOUNTS

To the Shareholders of WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A.

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated annual accounts of WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A. (the "Parent Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2021, and the consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and notes to the consolidated annual accounts for the year then ended.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated annual accounts present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated equity and consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021, and its consolidated results and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (EU-IFRSs) and the other provisions of the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to the Group in Spain.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with legislation regulating the audit practice in Spain. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Annual Accounts* section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements, including those relating to independence, that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated annual accounts in Spain, in accordance with legislation governing the audit practice in force. In this regard, we have not provided any services other than those relating to the audit of the accounts and there have not been any situations or circumstances which, under the mentioned regulations, might have affected the required independence such that this has been compromised.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated annual accounts of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated annual accounts as a

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whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Investment Property

Real estate investments constitute 92% of the Group's assets. The group, as described in Notes 2.3 and 2.6, applies the cost method in accordance with IAS 40, so after initial recognition, it values all of its real estate investments applying the requirements established in IAS 16, recording amortization charges and impairment losses that must be recognized in relation to them.

For the determination of the recoverable value, the Group used valuations carried out by independent experts. Valuations are carried out in accordance with the Valuation and Valuation Standards published by the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) of Great Britain and in accordance with International Valuation Standards

Appraisers consider specific variables such as signed leases and the rental market trend. Likewise, they assume certain hypotheses regarding variables, such as the discount rate, estimated market income and comparable transactions, reaching a final valuation.

The importance of the estimates and judgments that these valuations entail, makes the subsequent valuation of real estate investments to be considered a key issue of the audit.

How they have been treated in the audit

For acquisitions of real estate investments, we check the key documentation supporting them, such as contracts and deeds of sale and purchase or other documents that affect the price.

Additionally, we have obtained the valuation of the real estate investments made by the independent experts of the management, on which we have carried out, among others, the following procedures:

- ✓ Verification of the competence, capacity and independence of the expert appraiser, revealed in his own report and the confirmation of his recognized prestige in the market.
- ✓ Verification that the valuations have been carried out according to accepted methodology.
- ✓ Carrying out selective tests to check the accuracy of the data supplied by the management to the evaluator and used by them.
- ✓ Evaluation of the coherence of the main hypotheses used, taking into account market conditions.

Additionally, we have evaluated the sufficiency of the information disclosed in the consolidated annual accounts.

As a result of the above tests, we have not detected any incidents.

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Other information: Consolidated Management Report

Other information comprises only the consolidated management report for the 2021 financial year, the preparation of which is the responsibility of the Parent's Directors and which does not form an integral part of the consolidated annual accounts.

Our audit opinion on the consolidated annual accounts does not cover the consolidated management report. Our responsibility regarding the information contained in the consolidated management report is defined in the audit regulations in force, which establish two different levels thereof:

- a) A specific level applicable to the consolidated non-financial information statement and to certain information included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report, as defined in article 35.2. b) of Audit Law 22/2015, which consists solely of verifying that this information has been provided in the consolidated management report, or where applicable, that the consolidated management report makes reference to the separate report on non-financial information, as provided for in legislation, and if not, to report on this matter.
- b) A general level applicable to the rest of the information included in the consolidated management report, which consists of assessing and reporting on the consistency of this information with the consolidated annual accounts, based on knowledge of the Group obtained during the audit of the aforementioned consolidated accounts and without including any information other than that obtained as evidence during the audit. Also, assessing and reporting on whether the content and presentation of this part of the consolidated management report are in accordance with applicable legislation. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there are material misstatements, we are required to report them.

Based on the work carried out, as described above, we have verified that the information mentioned in section a) above is included in the consolidated management report and that the rest of the information contained in the consolidated management report is consistent with that disclosed in the consolidated annual accounts for 2021 and its content and presentation are in accordance with applicable legislation.

Responsibilities of the Parent Company's Directors and of the Audit Committee for the Consolidated Annual Accounts

The Parent's Directors are responsible for the preparation of the accompanying consolidated annual accounts in such a way that they give a true and fair view of the consolidated equity, consolidated financial position and consolidated financial performance of the Group in accordance with IFRS-EU and other provisions, in particular, with the accounting principles and criteria set forth therein, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the consolidated annual accounts, the Parent Company's Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Parent Company's audit committee is responsible for overseeing the preparation and presentation of the consolidated annual accounts.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Annual Accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with legislation governing the audit practice in Spain will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated annual accounts.

As part of an audit in accordance with legislation governing the audit practice in Spain, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Parent Company's Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Parent Company's Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a

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material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated annual accounts, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated annual accounts represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated annual accounts. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Parent Company's audit committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Parent Company's audit committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements, including those relating to independence, and we communicate with the audit committee those matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Parent Company's audit committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated annual accounts of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Additional Report to the Audit Committee

The opinion expressed in this report is consistent with the content of our additional report to the Parent Company's audit committee dated 31 March 2022

Appointment period

The General Shareholders' Meeting held on January 23, 2018 appointed us group auditors for a period of 3 years, counted from the year ended December 31, 2018

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Services provided

No non-audit services were provided to the Group as disclosed in Note 18 of the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

C&O CONSULTORES Y AUDITORES SL R.O.A.C. N° S-1194

Miguel Ángel Aguilar Furrasola Socio 1 April 2022

505 - WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI S.A.

Period from 01/01/2021 to 31/12/2021

Period: 2021

ET	2021	2020
A) NON CURRENT ASSET	22,606,490.95	20,267,932.0
I. Intangible asset	2,283.59	3,107.
II Tanqible fixed asset.	12,165.15	13,631.
III. Real estate investments	22,470,637.39	20,128,988.
IV. Long-term investments in group companies and associates	0.00	0.
V. Long- term financial investments	87,422.80	88,222.
VI. Deferred tax assets	33,982.02	33,982.
VII. Non-current commercial debtors	0.00	0.0
B) CURRENT ASSETS	1,917,214.52	1,584,314.
I. Non-current assets held for sale	0.00	0.
II. Stocks	1,108,026.92	1,181,966.
III. Trade and other receivables	381,783.88	186,876.
1. Clients from sales and provisions of services	340,420.56	111,738.
a) Clients from sales and provisions of services	0.00	0.
b) Clients from sales and provisions of services	340,420.56	111,738.
2. Shareholders (partners) for required disburshments	0.00	0.
3. Other debtors	41,363.32	75,138.
IV. Short-term investments in Group, Multigroup and Associate companies	0.00 111,498.48	18,520. 75.
V. Short-terms financial investments	'	-76,967.
VII. Cash and equivalent liquid assets	15,159.25 300,745.99	273,843.
TOTAL ASSETS (A+B)	24,523,705.47	21,852,246.
A) NET EQUITY	10,130,930.25	5,940,068.
A-1) Owns funds	10,130,930.25	5,940,068.
I Capital	5,602,585.00	5,606,471.
1. Capital	5,602,585.00	5,606,471.
10000000 Social Capital.	5,602,585.00	5,606,471.
2. Uncalled capital	0.00	0.
II. Issue premium.	239,259.70	239,259.
III. Reserves	262,913.47	-71,800.
1. Capitalization reserve	0.00	0.
2. Other reserves	262,913.47	-71,800.
IV. Own shares and equity instruments	0.00	0.
V. Results of earlier years	-952,852.94	-600,387.
VI. Other constributions from business partners	0.00	0.
VII. Results of the financial year	4,979,025.02	766,524.
VIII. Interim dividend	0.00	0.
IX. Other instruments relating to net equity	0.00	0.
A-2) Value change	0.00	0.
A-3) Grants and donations	0.00	0.
B) NON-CURRENT LIABILITY	10,820,449.09	6,536,337.
I. Long-term debts	0.00	0.
II. Long term debts	10,820,449.09	6,536,337.
1. Debts with the financial institutions	6,465,385.04	6,354,651.
2. Finance lease liabilities	0.00	0.
3. Other long-term liabilities	4,355,064.05	181,685.
	0.00	0.
	0.00	0.
IV. Liabilities by deferred	0.00	0. 0.
IV. Liabilities by deferred	0.00	0. 0. 0.
IV. Liabilities by deferred	0.00 0.00 0.00	0. 0. 0.
IV. Liabilities by deferred V. Long-term accruals VI. Non-current commercials creditors VII. Long-term debt with special characteristics C) CURRENT LIABILITIES	0.00 0.00 0.00 3,572,326.13	0. 0. 0. 0. 9,375,840.
IV. Liabilities by deferred V. Long-term accruals VI. Non-current commercials creditors VII. Long-term debt with special characteristics C) CURRENT LIABILITIES I. Liabilities linked to non-current assets held for sale	0.00 0.00 0.00 3,572,326.13 0.00	0. 0. 0. 0. 9,375,840.
IV. Liabilities by deferred V. Long-term accruals. VI. Non-current commercials creditors. VII. Long-term debt with special characteristics C) CURRENT LIABILITIES. I. Liabilities linked to non-current assets held for sale II. Short-term provisions	0.00 0.00 0.00 3,572,326.13 0.00 0.00	0. 0. 0. 0. 9,375,840. 0.
IV. Liabilities by deferred V. Long-term accruals VI. Non-current commercials creditors VII. Long-term debt with special characteristics CO CURRENT LIABILITIES I. Liabilities linked to non-current assets held for sale II. Short-term provisions III. Short-term debts	0.00 0.00 0.00 3,572,326.13 0.00 0.00 2,021,225.42	0. 0. 0. 0. 9,375,840. 0. 0. 8,766,301.
IV. Liabilities by deferred V. Long-term accruals VI. Non-current commercials creditors. VII. Long-term debt with special characteristics CO CURRENT LIABILITIES I. Liabilities linked to non-current assets held for sale III. Short-term provisions III. Short-term debts 1. Debts with financial institutions	0.00 0.00 0.00 3,572,326.13 0.00 0.00 2,021,225.42 1,204,255.83	0. 0. 0. 9,375,840. 0. 0. 8,766,301. 4,240,379.
IV. Liabilities by deferred. V. Long-term accruals. VI. Non-current commercials creditors. VII. Long-term debt with special characteristics. C) CURRENT LIABILITIES. I. Liabilities linked to non-current assets held for sale. II. Short-term provisions. III. Short-term debts. 1. Debts with financial institutions. 2. Financial lease liabilities.	0.00 0.00 0.00 3,572,326.13 0.00 2,021,225.42 1,204,255.83 0.00	0. 0. 0. 9,375,840. 0. 0. 8,766,301. 4,240,379. 0.
IV. Liabilities by deferred. V. Long-term accruals. VI. Non-current commercials creditors. VII. Long-term debt with special characteristics. C) CURRENT LIABILITIES. I. Liabilities linked to non-current assets held for sale. II. Short-term provisions. III. Short-term debts. 1. Debts with financial institutions. 2. Financial lease liabilities. 3. Other short term debts.	0.00 0.00 0.00 3,572,326.13 0.00 0.00 2,021,225.42 1,204,255.83 0.00 816,969.59	0. 0. 0. 9,375,840. 0. 8,766,301. 4,240,379. 0. 4,525,921.
IV. Liabilities by deferred. V. Long-term accruals. VI. Non-current commercials creditors. VII. Long-term debt with special characteristics. C) CURRENT LIABILITIES. I. Liabilities linked to non-current assets held for sale. II. Short-term provisions. III. Short-term debts. 1. Debts with financial institutions. 2. Financial lease liabilities. 3. Other short term debts. IV. Long term debts with group and associates companies.	0.00 0.00 0.00 3,572,326.13 0.00 0.00 2,021,225.42 1,204,255.83 0.00 816,969.59 0.00	0. 0. 0. 9,375,840. 0. 8,766,301. 4,240,379. 0. 4,525,921.
IV. Liabilities by deferred. V. Long-term accruals. VI. Non-current commercials creditors. VII. Long-term debt with special characteristics. CO CURRENT LIABILITIES. I. Liabilities linked to non-current assets held for sale. II. Short-term provisions. III. Short-term debts. 1. Debts with financial institutions. 2. Financial lease liabilities. 3. Other short term debts. IV. Long term debts with group and asssociates companies. V. Trade and other payables.	0.00 0.00 0.00 3,572,326.13 0.00 2,021,225.42 1,204,255.83 0.00 816,969.59 0.00 1,551,100.71	0. 0. 0. 9,375,840. 0. 0. 8,766,301. 4,240,379. 0. 4,525,921. 0. 609,539.
IV. Liabilities by deferred. V. Long-term accruals. VI. Non-current commercials creditors. VII. Long-term debt with special characteristics. CO CURRENT LIABILITIES. I. Liabilities linked to non-current assets held for sale. II. Short-term provisions. III. Short-term debts. 1. Debts with financial institutions. 2. Financial lease liabilities. 3. Other short term debts. IV. Long term debts with group and associates companies. V. Trade and other payables. 1. Suppliers.	0.00 0.00 0.00 3,572,326.13 0.00 0.00 2,021,225.42 1,204,255.83 0.00 816,969.59 0.00 1,551,100.71 22,209.73	0. 0. 0. 9,375,840. 0. 0. 8,766,301. 4,240,379. 0. 4,525,921. 0. 609,539. 27,413.
IV. Liabilities by deferred. V. Long-term accruals. VI. Non-current commercials creditors VII. Long-term debt with special characteristics. CO CURRENT LIABILITIES. I. Liabilities linked to non-current assets held for sale. II. Short-term provisions. III. Short-term debts. 1. Debts with financial institutions. 2. Financial lease liabilities. 3. Other short term debts. IV. Long term debts with group and associates companies. V. Trade and other payables. 1. Suppliers. a) Long term suppliers.	0.00 0.00 0.00 3,572,326.13 0.00 0.00 2,021,225.42 1,204,255.83 0.00 816,969.59 0.00 1,551,100.71 22,209.73 0.00	0. 0. 0. 9,375,840. 0. 8,766,301. 4,240,379. 0. 4,525,921. 0. 609,539. 27,413.
2. Financial lease liabilities	0.00 0.00 0.00 3,572,326.13 0.00 2,021,225.42 1,204,255.83 0.00 816,969.59 0.00 1,551,100.71 22,209.73 0.00 22,209.73	0. 0. 0. 9,375,840. 0. 8,766,301. 4,240,379. 0. 4,525,921. 0. 609,539. 27,413.
IV. Liabilities by deferred. V. Long-term accruals. VI. Non-current commercials creditors VII. Long-term debt with special characteristics. C) CURRENT LIABILITIES. I. Liabilities linked to non-current assets held for sale. II. Short-term provisions. III. Short-term debts. 1. Debts with financial institutions. 2. Financial lease liabilities. 3. Other short term debts. IV. Long term debts with group and associates companies V. Trade and other payables. 1. Suppliers. a) Long term suppliers. b) Short-term supplier. 2. Other creditors.	0.00 0.00 0.00 3,572,326.13 0.00 0.00 2,021,225.42 1,204,255.83 0.00 816,969.59 0.00 1,551,100.71 22,209.73 0.00 22,209.73 1,528,890.98	0. 0. 0. 9,375,840. 0. 8,766,301. 4,240,379. 0. 4,525,921. 0. 609,539. 27,413. 0. 27,413. 582,126.
IV. Liabilities by deferred. V. Long-term accruals. VI. Non-current commercials creditors VII. Long-term debt with special characteristics. C) CURRENT LIABILITIES. I. Liabilities linked to non-current assets held for sale. II. Short-term provisions. III. Short-term debts. 1. Debts with financial institutions. 2. Financial lease liabilities. 3. Other short term debts. IV. Long term debts with group and associates companies V. Trade and other payables. 1. Suppliers. a) Long term suppliers. b) Short-term supplier.	0.00 0.00 0.00 3,572,326.13 0.00 2,021,225.42 1,204,255.83 0.00 816,969.59 0.00 1,551,100.71 22,209.73 0.00 22,209.73	0. 0. 0. 9,375,840. 0. 0. 8,766,301. 4,240,379. 0. 4,525,921. 0. 609,539. 27,413. 0. 27,413. 582,126. 0.

505 - WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI S.A.

PROFIT AND LOSS

Period from 01/01/2021 to 31/12/2021

YEAR: 2021

SUBJECT	2021	2020
1. Net turnover	306,825.85	0.00
2. Changes in inventories of finished products and those in progress	51,000.08	20,079.22
3. Works carried out by the company for its assets	0.00	0.00
4. Procurements	0.00	0.00
5. Other operating income	1,292,924.79	1,296,142.41
6. Personnel cost	-104,757.14	-75,675.24
7. Other operating costs	-1,212,272.48	-878,278.86
8. Depreciation of tangible assets	-93,543.31	-91,333.83
9. Allocation to profit or loss of grants related to non-financial to non current	0.00	0.00
10. Over-provisions	0.00	0.00
11. Deterioration and result from disposals of fixed assets	5,651,461.27	1,054,272.95
12. Negative goodwill on bussiness combinations	0.00	0.00
13. Other results	-148,439.39	283.95
A) OPERATING RESULTS (1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10+11+12+13)	5,743,199.67	1,325,490.60
14. Financial Income	293.93	0.00
15. Financial expenses	-764,468.58	-558,976.63
16. Variation in fair value of financial instruments	0.00	0.00
17. Exchange difference	0.00	0.00
18. Impairment losses and income from disposals of financial instruments	0.00	0.00
19. Other financials income and expenses	0.00	10.37
B) FINANCIAL RESULT (14+15+16+17+18+19)	-764,174.65	-558,966.26
C) PROFIT BEFORE TAX (A+B)	4,979,025.02	766,524.34
20. Tax upon earnings	0.00	0.00
D) RESULT OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR (C+20)	4,979,025.02	766,524.34

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT CHANGES IN EQUITY

NIF	A87976452		
dominant: GROUP'S NAME:			
WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI			
Y DEPENDIENTES			
T DEL ENDIENTES		2021	I 2020
		YEAR _ (1)	YEAR _ (2)
A) Consolidated income for the period		4,979,025.02	766,524.34
REVENUES AND EXPENSES RECOGNISED IN EQUITY			
I. Valuation of financial instruments			
1. Available-for-sale financial assets			
2. Other income/expenses.			
II. From cash flow hedges			
III. Grants, donations and legacies received			
IV. For actuarial gains and losses and other adjustments			
V. Non-current assets and liabilities linked to non-current assets held for sale			
VI. Exchange difference			
VII. Tax effect			
B) Total income and expenditure directly allocated to net assets (I + II + III + IV +V + VI + VII			
Transfers to profit or loss account			
VIII. Valuation of financial instruments			
Available-for-sale financial assets			
2. Other income/expenses.			
IX. From cash flow hedges			
X. Grants, donations and legacies received			
XI. For actuarial gains and losses and other adjustments			
XII. Exchange difference			
XIII. Tax effect			
C) Total income and expenditure directly allocated to net assets (VIII + IX + X + XI + XII + XIII)		0.00	0.00
TOTAL RECOGNISED CONSOLIDATED INCOME AND EXPENSES (A + B + C)		4,979,025.02	766,524.34
Total income and expenses recognised by the dominant society		4,979,025.02	766,524.34
Total income and expenditures from external partners			
	1		
(1) Annual accounts referring to the financial year.			

⁽²⁾ Preceding financial year

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT CHANGES IN EQUITY

B) Consolidated statement of changes in total equity

Persistance	NIF dominant:	A87976452											
CAPITAL ISSUE COSES FROM PARTICIPATION CONTENTIONS CONTENTIO	WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI Y		J		Space for administral	tors'signatures							
1. Adjusteds by changes of criteria from 2019 1. Ealer and provided conscillated access and appears 1. Total recognised conscillated access and access access and access and access and access and access access access access access access access and access acc					CAPITAL		LOSSES FROM PREVIOUS	PARTICIPATION S OF THE PARENT	CONTRIBUTIONS FROM BUSINESS	DEL EJERCICIO ATRIBUIDO A LA SOCIEDAD	DONATIONS AND LEGACIES		TOTAL
1. Adjusteds by changes of criteria from 2020 7.1,800.00 7.1,800	B. BALANCE AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR				5,461,844.00			-109,549.98			-490,837.61		4,861,456.41
1. Add recognised commission from 2019 5,461,844.00 -71,800.00 -109,549.88 -490,837.61 4,789,65	I Adjusteds by changes of criteria from 201	9						,					.,002,.00
5,461,844.00		-					-71 900 00						
1. Total recognised consolidated incomes and expenses. 766,524.34 766,52 766			1	I			-71,800.00				<u> </u>		
144,627.73 239,259.70	D. Balance adjusted at the beginning from 20				5,461,844.00		-71,800.00	-109,549.98			-490,837.61		4,789,656.41
1. Capital impresserved solutions. 2. Colorevient of former service listilizes. 3. C) Different proposes. 3. Different proposes.	I. Total recognised consolidated income and expenses										766,524.34		766,524.34
2. Conversion of fraction of fraction of fraction of the content o	II. Operations with shareholders or owners				144,627.73	239,259.70							383,887.43
2. Conversion of fraction of fraction of fraction of the content o	Capital increases/reductions				144,627.73	239,259.70				1			383,887.43
4. Operations cannot do with channel of the comment according (miss) 5. Increases (reduction) of attendobler's equity as a result of a business combraction.	Conversion of financial liabilities									1		İ	,
Command content of c													
5. Increase (reduction) of shareholder's equity as a result of a business combination. 6. Acquisitions of stakes from external partiers. 7. Offer transactions with shareholders or owner. 8. Offer changes in net assets . 9. 0.00 -490,837.61 -490,8													
a business combination A coguisitions of stakes from external garbrers A coguisition carried on consideration convent or convents A coguisition carried consolidated inconvents or convents A coguisition carried convents darage (4) A coguisition carried out with shareholders and out with shareholders and out with share coft convents and convents an													
8. Acquisitions of allows from outernal positions of allows from outernal positions of allows from outernal positions with shareholders or owners. 10. Other transactions with shareholders or owners. 11. Other changes in net assets 12. Other variations 13. Other variations 14. Applications of the VEAR (2) 2020 15. (C. LOSIN BALANKE OF THE VEAR (2) 2020 16. Applications according policies 17. Applications of the changes in accounting policies 18. Applications of the changes in accounting policies 19. Applications of the													
Comparison Com													
1. Other transactions with shareholders or owners 1. Other changes in et assets 1. Other changes in a seasets 1. Other changes in a seasets 1. Other changes in a seasets 1. Other changes in a seaset 1. O	Acquisitions of stakes from external				'								
II. Other changes in net assets	partners												
II. Other changes in net assets	Other transactions with shareholders or owners												
1. Revaluation reserve changes (4)	III. Other changes in net assets						0.00	-490.837.61			490.837.61		0.00
2. Other variations C. C. LOSING BALANCE OF THE YEAR (2) 2020								100,001102			100,001102		0.00
C. CLOSING BALANCE OF THE YEAR (2) 2020 5,606,471.73 239,259.70 -71,800.00 -600,387.59 766,524.34 5,940,000 1. Adjustments due to changes in accounting policies 1. Adjustments due to changes in accounting policies 1. Adjustments due to changes in accounting policies 222,804.31 -352,465.35 -133,5							0.00	-400 927 61		 	400 927 61		0.00
Adjustments due to changes in accounting policies Adjustments and to correct errors (2) 2020						222 252 70							
1. Adjustments made to correct errors (2) 2020					5,606,471.73	239,259.70	-/1,800.00	-600,387.59			766,524.34		5,940,068.18
D. ADJUSTED BALANCE AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR (3) 2021. ————————————————————————————————————					2 006 72		222 004 21	252 465 25					122 547 77
1. Total recognised consolidated income and expenses 1. Total recognised consolidated income and expenses 4,979,025.02			1	1						 			-133,347.77
1. Operations with shareholders or owners					5,602,585.00	239,259.70	151,004.31	-600,387.59					6,158,985.76
1. Capital increases / reductions 2. Conversion of financial labilities to shareholder's equity 3. (-) Dividend payouts 4. Operations carried out with shares of the dominant society (net)											4,979,025.02		4,979,025.02
2. Conversion of financial liabilities to shareholder's equity 3. (-) Dividends payouts													
3. (-) Dividends payouts											-654,615.18		-654,615.18
4. Operations carried out with shares of the dominant society (net)											454.645.40		0.00
dominant society (net)											-654,615.18		-654,615.18
5. Increase (reduction) of shareholder's equity as a result of a business combination													0.00
a business combination													0.00
6. Acquisitions of stakes from external partners										 		+	0.00
partners												++	
7. Other transactions with shareholders or owners													
III. Other changes in net assets 111,909.16 -111,909.16													
1. Revaluation reserve changes (4) 111,909.16 -111,909.16 2. Other variations 111,909.16 -111,909.16							111,909.16				-111,909.16		0.00
2. Other variations													
							111,909.16				-111,909.16		0.00
	E. CLOSING BALANCE OF THE YEAR 2021 (3)				5,602,585.00	239,259.70	262,913.47	-952,852.94			4,979,025.02		10,130,930.25

	OLIDATED CASH FLOW	FC1.1
NIF A87976452 dominant:		
GROUP'S NAME:		
WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI Y		
DEPENDIENTES		
	Space for administrators' signatures	
	YEAR 2021	YEAR 2020
A) CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-	
1. Income before taxes	4,979,02	25.02 766,524.34
2. Adjust to the result	-4,877,59	95.41 -403,972.86
a) Depreciation of tangible assets (+)	92,81	16.31 91,333.83
b) Accumulated impairment losses (+/–)	10,690	0.21
c) Changes in Provisions (+/–)		
d) Subisidies received (–)		
e) Retirement or disposal of non-current assets (+/–)	-5,651,46	1.27
f) Retirements od disposals results of financial instruments		
(+/-)		
g) Financial income (–)		93.93 -10.37
h) Finance expenses (+)		58.58 558,976.63
i) Exchange rate differences (+/–)		
j) Variation in fair value of financial instruments (+/–)		1.054.272.05
k) Other income and expenses (-/+)	93,81	-1,054,272.95
l) Profit sharing /(losses) of societies		
equity net of dividends (-/+)	-3,077,08	37.16 -1,092,466.25
a) Stock (+/–)		
b) Debtors and other accounts receivable (+/-)		
c) Other current assets (+/–)		
d) Creditors and other payables (+/–)		
e) Other current liabilities (+/–)		
f) Other non-current liabilities and intagible assets (+/-)		-
Periodifications	-92,12	-
	<u> </u>	
4. Other cash flows from operations	-369,48	-213,812.11
a) Interest payments (–)	-369,78	32.72 -213,801.74
b) Dividends recievable (+)		
c) Interest receivable (+)		93.93 -10.37
d) Income tax received/(paid) (+/–)		
e) Other payments (cobros) (–/+)		
Cash flows from operating activities (1 + 2 + 3 + 4).	-3,345,14	-943,726.88
D) CACH ELOWO EDOM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES		
B) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES 6. Payment for investments (–) .	-559.80	-131,415.10
a) Group companies, net clash flow in consolidated companie		-131,415.10
b) Multigroup companies, net clash flow in consolidated companies		-
c) Affiliated companies	, annes	-
d) Intangible assets	0.00	-2,908.00
e) Tangible fixed assets		59.80 -1,210.38
f) Real estate investments	0.00	-127,296.72
g) Other financial assets	0.00	0.00
h) Non-current assets held for sale		0.00
i) Business unit		
j) Other assets		
7. Other assets divestment receipts (+).		0.00 313,164.18
a) Group companies, net clash flow in consolidated companie		, , , , , , , , , , , , ,
b) Multigroup companies, net clash flow in consolidated com		
c) Affiliated companies		
d) Intangible assets		
e) Tangible fixed assets		

-559.80 -182,961.50 -182,961.50 -182,961.50	313,164.18 181,749.08 0.00
-182,961.50 -182,961.50	
-182,961.50 -182,961.50	
-182,961.50 -182,961.50	
-182,961.50 -182,961.50	
-182,961.50	0.00
-182,961.50	0.00
,555,570.12	
	812,560.26
	812,560.26
693,705.68	753,084.26
,861,864.44	59,476.00
-514,784.24	0.00
-514,784.24	
,372,608.62	812,560.26
26,902.48	50,582.46
273,843.51	223,261.05
300,745.99	273,843.51
_	-514,784.24 -514,784.24 -372,608.62 26,902.48 273,843.51

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COMPLETED REPORT

YEAR 2021

GRUPO WHITENI RCAJAL - MTOVAR

PARENT COMPANY

WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A.

COMPANIES OF THE GROUP

WHITENI MTOVAR SOCIMI, S.L.
WHITENI FOMENTO SOCIMI, S.L.
PROYECTOS Y PROMOCIONES LEGAZPI SOCIMI, S.L.

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. Parent Company

WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A., hereinafter, Parent Company, is the parent company of the WHITENI RCAJAL - MTOVAR group and has its registered office and tax domicile at calle MANUEL TOVAR, 43, carrying out its activities at the same address.

The company was incorporated in Madrid on December 05, 2017 before the Notary of Madrid Mr. Jaime Recarte Casanova, in public deed with protocol number 6,880. Registered in the Mercantile Registry of Madrid on December 26, 2017 with the following registry data: Volume 36,941, Section 8, folio 10 and registry sheet number M660628, entry 1.

The activity started on January 24, 2018. On April 5, 2018, in accordance with Articles 8 and following of Law 11/2009, of October 26, which regulates Listed Real Estate Investment Companies, the AEAT was notified of the company's intention to apply the special regime for SOCIMIs, and a resolution to this effect was adopted by the General Shareholders' Meeting at its meeting held on January 23, 2018.

The corporate purpose of the entity is:

- a) The acquisition and development of urban real estate for lease.
- b) The holding of shares in the share capital of other SOCIMIs or in other entities not resident in Spanish territory that have the same corporate purpose as the former and are subject to regulations similar to those established for SOCIMIs in terms of the mandatory legal or statutory profit distribution policy.
- c) The holding of shares in the capital of other entities, whether resident or not in Spanish territory, whose corporate purpose is the acquisition of urban real estate for lease and which are subject to the same regulations established for SOCIMIs in terms of the mandatory legal or statutory profit distribution policy and which meet the investment requirements referred to in Article 3 of the SOCIMIS Act.
- d) The holding of shares or units of Collective Real Estate Investment Undertakings governed by Law 35/2003 of 4 November, on Collective Investment Undertakings, or any regulation that may replace it in the future.
- e) Together with the economic activity derived from the main corporate purpose, the SOCIMI may carry out other ancillary activities, understood as those that together represent less than 20% of the company's income in each tax period or those that may be considered ancillary in accordance with the law applicable at any given time.

Its main activities are:

- REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT OF BUILDINGS.
- RENTAL OF INDUSTRIAL PREMISES.

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the companies controlled by the Parent Company, Associated Companies and jointly controlled entities, directly and indirectly, at December 31 of each year. Control is considered to be exercised by the Parent Company when it has the power to establish the financial and operating policies of its investees. The last consolidated financial statements prepared on March 31, 2021 were those corresponding to the year ended 2021, in accordance with Articles 40.3 and 40.5 of RDL 8/2020, of March 17, on urgent extraordinary measures to address the economic and social impact of COVID-19.

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WHITENI RCAJAL - MTOVAR - FOMENTO - LEGAZPI has its residence in Madrid and files the consolidated annual accounts with the Commercial Registry of Madrid. The group's start date is July 13, 2018 with the acquisition of the dependent entity, and was extended on July 18, 2019 with the incorporation of Whiteni FOMENTO SOCIMI, S.L. During the 2020 financial year, the company Proyectos y Promociones Legazpi SOCIMI, S.L. was incorporated.

1.2. Subsidiaries companies.

The results of investees acquired or disposed of during the year are included in consolidated income from the effective date of the acquisition or until the date of loss of control, as appropriate..

The information on subsidiaries as provided for in Article 42 of the Commercial Code is as follows:

- WHITENI MTOVAR SOCIMI S.L.U., the company was incorporated in Madrid on June 20, 2018 before the Notary Mr. Jaime Recarte Casanova, in a public deed with protocol number 3,545, and registered in the Commercial Registry of Madrid on June 26, 2018 with the following registry data: Volume 37,805, Section 8, folio 197, page number M673456 and entry 1. At the closing date of the fiscal year, the company's address is Calle Manuel Tovar Nº43, Madrid, and its Tax Identification Number is B88135785..
- WHITENI FOMENTO SOCIMI, S.L.U., was incorporated in Madrid on July 18, 2019 before the Notary Mr. Jaime Recarte Casanova, in public deed with protocol number 3,545, and registered in the Commercial Registry of Madrid on July 26, 2019 with the following registry data: Volume 39,477, Section 8, folio 130, registration number M700913 and entry 1, it was incorporated as a Socimi. At the closing date of the fiscal year, the company's registered office and tax domicile is located at Paseo de la Castellana 56, second floor, 28046, Madrid. The registered office as of December 31, 2019 was located at Calle María de Molina number 5, being transferred on January 21, 2020 in deed with protocol number 286 before Notary Jaime Recarte Casanova, and with registration date in the Commercial Registry of Madrid on January 30, 2020, being its Tax Identification Number B88445986.
- PROYECTOS Y PROMOCIONES LEGAZPI SOCIMI, S.L., At the closing date of the fiscal year, the company has its registered office and tax domicile at Calle Manuel Tovar 43, 28034, Madrid and carries out its activities at the same address. The registered office during the 2020 financial year was Urbanización Costa Galera 34, Estepona, Málaga. The change of address was made on December 14, 2020 in deed with protocol number 6214 before Notary Jaime Recarte Casanova, and with date of registration in the Mercantile Registry of Madrid February 10, 2021.
 - The companies have the same corporate purpose:
- a) The acquisition and development of urban real estate for lease.
- b) The holding of shares in the share capital of other SOCIMIs or in other entities not resident in Spanish territory that have the same corporate purpose as the former and are subject to regulations similar to those established for SOCIMIs in terms of the mandatory legal or statutory profit distribution policy.
- The holding of shares in the capital of other entities, whether resident or not in Spanish territory, whose corporate purpose is the acquisition of urban real estate for lease and which are subject to the same regulations established for SOCIMIs in terms of the mandatory legal or statutory profit distribution policy and which meet the investment requirements referred to in Article 3 of the SOCIMIS Act.
- d) The holding of shares or units of Collective Real Estate Investment Undertakings governed by Law 35/2003 of 4 November, on Collective Investment Undertakings, or any regulation that may replace it in the future.
- Together with the economic activity derived from the main corporate purpose, the SOCIMI may carry out other ancillary activities, understood as those that together represent less than 20% of the company's

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income in each tax period or those that may be considered ancillary in accordance with the law applicable at any given time.

Being its main activities:

- REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT OF BUILDINGS.
- RENTAL OF INDUSTRIAL PREMISES.

The results of the investees acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated results from the effective date of control or until the date of loss of control, as the case may be.

When necessary, if the accounting principles and valuation criteria applied in the preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements differ from those used by some of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements, the necessary adjustments and reclassifications are made in the consolidation process to homogenize the latter and bring them into line with the Spanish National Chart of Accounts applied by the parent company.

The information on subsidiaries as provided for in Article 42 of the Commercial Code is as follows:

	% Particip	ation
SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES	Direct	Indirect
WHITENI MTOVAR 43 SOCIMI, S.L.	100,00%	
WHITENI FOMENTO SOCIMI, S.L.	100,00%	
PROYECTOS Y PROMOCIONES LEGAZPI SOCIMI, S.L.	100,00%	

The parent company directly owns 100% of the shares of the subsidiaries and 100% of the voting rights %.

	Euros					
SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES	Registered Capital	Reserves	Negative results for previous years	Final year outcome	Net value in pounds	
WHITENI MTOVAR 43 SOCIMI, SL	819,849.00	-532,411.97	-793,006.16	-522,013.72	-1,027,582.85	
WHITENI FOMENTO SOCIMI, SL	1,551,231.20	-187,464.76		-161,568.13	1,202,198.31	
PROYECTOS Y PROMOCIONES LEGAZPI						
SOCIMI, SL	105,744.00	106,590.60	-16,095.69	20,017.61	216,256.52	

There is no significant restriction on the ability of the subsidiary to transmit funds to the parent company in the form of cash dividends or to repay loans.

There are NO subsidiaries classified as held for sale.

There are NO subsidiaries that are excluded from the scope of consolidation because they are not materially relevant to the true and fair view to be given in the consolidated annual accounts:

The consolidation method applicable to these companies has been that of full consolidation, estimating that the direct or indirect shareholding exceeds 50%, with effective control.

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There are no significant investments in the group whose functional currency is different from the local currency of its financial statements.

The classification of consolidated reserves between 'fully and proportionally consolidated companies' and 'companies accounted for using the equity method' is based on the consolidation method applied to each consolidated company or subgroup.

In the accompanying consolidated financial statements, all significant balances and transactions between the companies of the WHITENI RCAJAL - MTOVAR - FOMENTO - LEGAZPI Group, as well as the amount of the shareholdings held between them, have been eliminated.

Minority interests' equity represents the portion allocable to them of the equity and results at 31 December 2021 of fully consolidated companies, and is presented under "Equity" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet and "Profit attributable to minority interests" in the accompanying consolidated income statement, respectively

1.3 Regulatory regimen.

On 23 January 2018, at the General Shareholders' Meeting, the company adopted the resolution to apply the special SOCIMI regulations, which was notified to the Spanish Tax Authorities (AEAT) on 05 April 2018.

The Listed Stock Companies of Investment in the Real Estate Market for the application of said regime must fulfill, among others, the following obligations:

- The main activity or corporate purpose of SOCIMIs must be the acquisition and development of urban real estate for lease and/or the holding of shares in the share capital of other SOCIMIs or in the capital share of other entities not resident in Spanish territory that have the same corporate purpose as the former and are subject to similar regulations.
- SOCIMIs must have at least 80% of their assets invested in urban real estate intended for lease, in land for the development of real estate, as well as in shares in the capital or equity of other SOCIMIs or similar entities.
- Likewise, at least 80% of the income for each financial year excluding income derived from the transfer of shares and real estate assets assigned to its main activity must come from the lease of real estate and/or from dividends or shares in profits from other SOCIMIs or similar entities.
- The real estate comprising the assets of the company must be leased for at least three years.
- SOCIMI shares must be admitted to trading on a regulated market or a multilateral trading facility, such as the MAB.
- SOCIMIs must have a minimum capital share of 5 million EUR.
- Non-cash contributions for the incorporation or increase of capital made in real estate must be appraised at the time of contribution by an independent expert appointed by the Commercial Registrar.
- SOCIMIs are obliged to distribute the profit obtained in each financial year to their shareholders in the form of dividends as follows:
 - 100% of profits from dividends or profit participations distributed by other entities.
 - At least 50% of the profits derived from the transfer of real estate and shares or participations in other entities.
 - At least 80% of the rest of the profits earned, e.g. from leasing.
- Information Obligation. SOCIMIs must include the information set out in Article 11 of Law 11/2009 in the notes of their annual accounts.

The special tax regulations may be opted for under the terms set out in Article 8 of the Law, even if the requirements of the Law are not met, provided that such requirements are met within two years of the date of opting for the special tax regulations.

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2. CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL ACCOUNTS PRESENTATION BASES

A continuación, se describen las principales políticas contables adoptadas en la preparación de las cuentas anuales consolidadas. Estas políticas se han aplicado de manera uniforme para el periodo presentado, salvo que se indique lo contrario.

2.1 Basis of presentation

The ajoining Consolidated Financial Statements for 2021 have been prepared by the Directors of the Parent Company at a meeting of its Board of Directors held on Monday, March 29, 2021 based on the accounting records of WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021. These consolidated financial statements are the second consolidated financial statements that WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A. and its subsidiaries present under International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (EU-IFRS) and have been prepared in accordance with IFRS 1, "First-time Adoption of IFRS". These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) as adopted by the European Union (together IFRS-EU), in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of the European Union and subsequent amendments.

There are no exceptional reasons why, in order to present a true and fair view, statutory accounting provisions have not been applied.

The ajoining Consolidated Financial Statements will be submitted for approval by the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting of the Parent Company, and it is considered that they will be approved without any changes. The consolidated financial statements for 2020 were approved by the Parent Company's General Shareholders' Meeting held on April 30, 2021, in accordance with Articles 40.3 and 40.5 of RDL 8/2020, of March 17, 2020, on urgent extraordinary measures to address the economic and social impact of COVID-19.

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS-EU requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in the process of applying accounting policies. Note 2.3 discloses the areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity or the areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to these consolidated financial statements.

These consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated equity and consolidated financial position of the WHITENI RCAJAL - MTOVAR GROUP.

2.2 New NIIF-EU rules, changes and CINIIF interpretations.

Standards adopted by the European Union

- Amendments to IFRS 3 Amendments to References to the Framework for Financial Reporting.
- Amendments to IAS 16 Sales of products from assets under construction during the trial period.
- > Amendments to IAS 37 Onerous Contracts: Contract Performance Costs.
- Annual Improvements to IFRS 2018-2020.
- The date of first application of these three standards being January 1, 2022.
- IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts" (Includes the Amendments to IFRS 17 issued by the IASB on June 25, 2020).

In this case, the date of first application would be January 1, 2023.

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2.2.3 IASB rules pending approval by the European Union:

- Amendments to IAS 12 Deferred Taxes Associated with Assets and Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction. Date of first application: January 1, 2023.
- ➤ Amendments to IAS 1 Classification of liabilities as current or non-current. First date of application: January 1, 2023.
- Amendments to IAS 1 Disclosure of accounting policy information. First date of application: January 1, 2023.
- > Amendments to IAS 8 Definition of Accounting Estimates. First date of application: January 1, 2023.
- Amendments to IFRS 17 Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 19 Comparative Information. First date of application: January 1, 2023.
- ➤ Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. Date of first-time application: Indefinite

As of January 1, 2021, the following standards have been applied with no significant impact on the Group's financial statements:

- > Amendments to IFRS 4 "Deferral of IFRS 9"; and.
- Amendments to IAS 39, IFRS 4, IFRS 7, IFRS 9 and IFRS 16 "Benchmark interest rate reform - (Phase 2; see Appendix II)".
- In addition, as of April 1, 2021, the following have been applied, also with no impact on the financial statements.
- Amendments to IFRS 16 "Concessions in lease installments by Covid-19 beyond June 30, 2021".

2.3. Comparison of information

The annual accounts are presented for comparative purposes with each of the items of the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement, in addition to the figures for the financial year 2021, those for the previous financial year. Likewise, the information contained in this report referring to the financial year 2021 is presented for comparison with the financial information for the year 2020.

Some amounts corresponding to the financial year 2020 have been reclassified in the current annual accounts with the aim of making them comparable with the current financial year and to allow its comparison.

The most significant reclassification has been the following:

2.4. Use of estimations

The estimations and judgements are continuously evaluated and based on past experience and other factors, including the expectations of following years that are considered reasonable under the circumstances. The Group makes estimations and hypotheses in relation to the future. The end accounting estimations, by definition, will rarely be equal to the corresponding actual results. Adjustments arising from the regularisation of estimates shall be prospective. The following explains the estimations and judgements that are at significant risk of producing a material adjustment to the amounts in the books of assets and liabilities within the following financial year

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Fair value of investment property

Biannually, the Managing Directors carry out an evaluation of fair value of each property taking into account the most recent independent valuations. The Managing Directors determine the value of a property within a range of estimations of acceptable fair values.

The best evidence of fair value of property development investments in an active market are the prices of similar assets. When carrying out such judgement, the Group uses a series of sources including:

- Current prices in an active market of properties of different nature, condition or location, adjusted to reflect the differences with the active properties of the Company.
- ii. Recent prices of properties in other less active markets, adjusted to reflect the change in the economic conditions since the date of the transaction.
- iii. Discounted cash flows based on estimations from the conditions of current leasing contracts, and where possible, of the evidence of market prices of similar properties in the same location, through using discount fees that reflect the uncertainty of the time factor.

The company opts to register its active real estate applying the acquisition of cost method, the evaluation of their fair value is carried out for the purposes of their subsequent valuation due to the possible existence of a valuation adjustment in the event of impairment

Profit Tax

The Parent Company is subject to the regulations established in Law 11/2009, of 26 October, which regulates Listed Real Estate Investment Companies (SOCIMI), which in practice means that, subject to certain requirements, the Parent Company is subject to a corporate income tax rate of 0% (Note 1).

The Managing Directors monitor the compliance of the requirements established in the legislation with the aim of saving the tax benefits in it. In this sense, the estimation of the Managing Directors is that said requirements shall be completed in the terms and fixed places, not proceeding to register any type of result derived from the Companies Tax.

While the estimates are based on rational judgements and objective elements of analysis, future events may require changes (upwards or downwards) in future periods and, if necessary and in accordance with NIC 8, the change in estimate would be recognised prospectively in the consolidated income statement.

■ COVID 19

The spread of COVID-19 created important challenges to the commercial activities and introduced a high level of uncertainty around the economic activity and global demand of energy. The lockdown of a large part of the global population led to a decrease of economic activity that brought on generalised drops in the macroeconomic indexes, of the energy demand and the prices of main energy variables. The effects of the COVID-19 pandemic increase the uncertainty of the future of individual companies and of the economy in general, observing how the outlook for recovery in the second half of 2020 is expected to deteriorate substantially. In carrying out the estimations and hypotheses required for preparing the annual consolidated Accounts such perspectives have been considered, detailling them in the corresponding Notes.

2.5. Accounting policies:

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Las principales políticas contables utilizadas para la elaboración de estas Cuentas anuales consolidadas han sido las siguientes:

2.5.1. Consolidation

(a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all the entities (including the structured entities) of which the Group have control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has the right, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to use its power over the investee to affect those returns. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and are excluded from consolidation on the date on which control ceases.

Inter-company transactions are eliminated, along with the balances and earnings not made in transactions between entities of the Group. Losses not carried out are also eliminated. Where necessary, the amounts presented by subsidiaries have been adjusted to bring them into line with the Group's accounting policies.

(b) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions - i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. The difference between the fair value of the consideration paid and the corresponding acquired proportion of the carrying amount of the subsidiary's net assets is recognised in equity. Gains or losses at the disposal of non-controlling interests are also recognised in equity.

(c) Disposals of dependants

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured at fair value at the date control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. Fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purpose of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amount previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that entity is accounted for as if the Group had sold the related assets or liabilities directly. This could mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

2.5.2. Segment reporting

Operating segment information is presented in accordance with internal reporting to the highest decision-making authority. The investment committee, which is responsible for making strategic decisions with the ultimate approval of the Board of Directors, has been identified as the highest decision-making authority, responsible for allocating resources and assessing the performance of the operating segments.

2.5.3. Investment property

Property that is held for long-term rental income or capital appreciation, or both, and that is not occupied by Group companies, is classified as investment property. Investment property comprises office buildings and other owned structures. Investment property also includes property that is being rehabilitated or developed for future use as investment property.

Investment property is initially measured by its cost, including related transaction costs and financing costs, if applicable. After initial recognition, investment property is recorded at fair value.

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The fair value of investment property reflects, among other things, future rental income and other assumptions that market participants would consider when valuing the property under current market conditions. The determination of their fair value is described in note 6.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised at the carrying amount of the asset only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other expenses are recorded in the income statement when incurred. When part of the real estate investment is substituted, the value of the replaced part is withdrawn in pounds.

Changes in fair value are given in the income statement. When the Group makes available a property at its fair value in an arm's length transaction, the value in pound immediately before the sale is adjusted to the price of the transaction, and the adjustment is registered in the income within the net earnings of the ajustment of the fair value of real estate investments.

If a property investment becomes the property of its owners, it is reclassified as tangible assets. Its fair value on the date of reclassification becomes its cost for purpose of accounting afterwards.

If an element of owner occupied properties becomes a property investment, since its use has changed, the resulting difference between the accounting value and the fair value of this element on the date of the transfer is treated in the same way as a revaluation following the NIC 16. Any resulting increase in the value of pounds of the property is given in the income statement by reversing any previous impairment loss, with any other comprehensive income and increased directly to equity in the revaluation reserve. Any decrease in the value of the property is initially recognised in other comprehensive income against any previously recognised revaluation reserve, with any remaining decrease recognised in the income statement.

When a property investment undergoes a change in use, evidenced by the start of the development with sales views, the property is transferred to stocks. The attributed cost of the property for its subsequent accounting as stocks is its fair value on the date of the change of use.

2.5.4. Tangible assets

The elements of the tangible assets recognised by their price of acquisition or cost of production minus the accumulated depreciation and the accumulated amount of the recognised losses. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised at the carrying amount of the asset only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Maintenance and reparation costs are loaded in the income statement when those are incurred.

The depreciation of the tangible asset, with the exception of the premises that dont depreciate, is calculated systematically using the lineal method in accordance with its estimated useful life, on the basis of the depreciation actually incurred for their operation, use and enjoyment. The estimated useful lives are:

	% de amortización
Others installations	10%
Furniture	10%
Equipment for information processing	25%
Other fixed assets	10%

The useful life of the fixed assets is revised and adjusted if necessary, on the date of each balance.

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When the book value of a fixed asset is greater than its estimated recoverable value, its book value is reduced immediately until its recoverable value.

2.5.5. Impairment values on non financial assets

The assets subject to depreciation undergo revisions for impairment losses as long as some success or change in the circumstances indicates that the book value can not be recovered. An impairment loss is recognised by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable value is the highest divided by the fair value of an asset less the sale cost and the value in use. For the purpose of assesing impairment losses, assets are grouped at the lowest level for which there are largely independent cash inflows (cash-generating units). Previous impairment loses on no-financial assets are reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. The amount of non financial assets subject to depreciation is not significant.

2.5.6 Stocks

Stock arise when there is a change in the use of the property investments, shown by the start of a development with sales views, and the properties are reclassified as stocks at their atributed cost, which is the fair value on the date of reclassification. They are subsequently measured at the lower of the cost and net realisable value. The realisation value of the price estimated in the normal course of business, minus the costs for completing the development y and the sales costs. At the end of this financial year, the Group has no stocks.

2.5.7. Financial assets

Commercial accounts and other receivable accounts

The commercial and other receivable accounts are non-derivative financial assets, with fixed or determinable charges that are not listed in an active market and are included in current assets, except when due dates are greater than 12 months from the date of the balance, which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are included in "Trade and other receivables" on the balance sheet.

These financial assets are initially measured at fair value, including directly attributable transaction costs, and subsequently at amortised cost, recognising accrued interest based on the effective interest rate, understood as the discount rate that matches the carrying amount of the instrument with all its estimated cash flows until maturity. However, trade receivables maturing in less than one year are measured, both on initial recognition and subsequently, at nominal value provided that the effect of not discounting the flows is not material.

At least at year-end, the necessary impairment adjustments are made if there is objective evidence that not all amounts due will be collected.

The amount of the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate at initial recognition. Value adjustments and their reversal, if any, are recognised in the income statement.

2.5.8. Financial liabilities

Debits and payables

This category includes debits for commercial operations and debits for non-commercial operations. These foreign resources are classified as current liabilities, unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer its liquidation during at least 12 months after the date of the balance.

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These debts are initially recognised at fair value adjusted for directly attributable transaction costs, including associated financing fees, and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the discount rate that equates the carrying amount of the instrument with the expected stream of future payments until the maturity of the liability.

Notwithstanding the above, trade payables maturing in less than one year and which do not have a contractual interest rate are measured, both initially and subsequently, at nominal value when the effect of not discounting cash flows is not material.

Financial debt

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value less transaction costs incurred. Subsequently, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of borrowing costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the life of the debt using the effective interest method.

2.5.9. Clearing of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net is presented in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Group intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right should not be contingent on future events and should be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or counterparty.

2.5.10. Share capital

The share capital is represented by ordinary shares.

The costs of issuing new shares or options are shown directly against equity as a reduction in reserves.

In the case of the acquisition of the Company's own shares, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs, is deducted from equity until cancellation, reissue or disposal. When these shares are subsequently sold or reissued, any amount received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs, is included in equity.

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the company, excluding any equity servicing costs other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, adjusted for any incentive elements in ordinary shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

For diluted earnings per share, the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share are adjusted to take into account the after-tax effect on earnings of interest and other finance costs associated with the dilutive potential ordinary shares, and the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

2.5.11. Current and deferred taxes

In accordance with the tax regulations for SOCIMIs, the parent company is subject to corporate income tax at a rate of 0%.

As established in article 9.2 of Law 11/2009, of 26 October, with the modifications incorporated therein, the Company will be subject to a special tax of 19% on the full amount of dividends or shares in profits distributed to shareholders whose interest in the share capital of the

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company is equal to or greater than 5%, where such dividends are exempt or taxed at a rate of less than 10% (for this purpose, the tax due under the Non-Resident Income Tax act shall be taken into account).

However, this special tax will not apply when the dividends or shares in profits are received by entities whose purpose is to hold shares in the capital of other SOCIMIs or in the capital of other entities not resident in Spanish territory that have the same corporate purpose as the former and which are subject to regulations similar to those established for SOCIMIs in terms of the mandatory policy. In the case of those shareholders who own 5% or more of the share capital of the former and are taxed on such dividends or shares in profits at a rate of at least 10%, the regulations are similar to those established for SOCIMIs in terms of the compulsory legal or statutory profit distribution policy.

For Group companies that do not fall within the aforementioned regulations, the income tax expense (income) is the amount accrued during the year, comprising both current and deferred tax expense (Income).

Both current and deferred tax expense (income) is recognised in the income statement. However, the tax effect related to items that are recognised directly inequity is recognised in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amounts expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities, in accordance with the regulations in force or enacted and pending publication at the reporting date.

Deferred taxes are calculated, using the liability method, on the temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts.

However, if deferred taxes arise from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor the tax base, they are not recognised. Deferred tax is determined by applying tax laws and rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date that are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2.5.12. Leases

a) When the Group is the lessee - Operating Leases

Leases where the lessor retains a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. As the leases have a term of less than 12 months, operating lease payments (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement for the period in which they are earned on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

b) When the Group is the Lessor

Properties leased out under operating leases are included in investment property in the balance sheet. Lease income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.5.13 Share-based payments

The group makes share-based payments in the form of equity instruments and settled in cash to certain employees. Share-based payments in the form of equity instruments are measured at fair value at the grant date. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity share-based payments is charged to income on a straight-line basis over the accrual period, based

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on the Groups estimate of the shares that will ultimately be accrued, with a credit to other reserves.

2.5.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, when it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and when the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. Adjustments to the provision on restatement are recognised as a finance cost as they accrue.

Provisions with a maturity of one year or less and with an insignificant financial effect are not discounted. Where part of the expenditure required to settle the provision is expected to be reimbursed by a third party, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, provided that it is virtually certain to be received.

2.5.15 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised at the fair value of the consideration receivable and represents the amounts receivable for services rendered in the ordinary course of the Group's business, not-including returns, rebates, discounts and value added tax.

Provision of services

The Group provides rental services. Revenue from property rentals is recognised on an accruals basis, with incentive income and the initial costs of the leases being allocated on a straight-line basis. Where the Group offers incentives to its tenants, the cost of the incentives is recognised over the lease term on a straight-line basis as a reduction of rental income. The costs related to each lease instalment are recognised as an expense.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate method. When a receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, which is calculated based on the estimated future cash flows discounted at the instrument's original effective interest rate and continues to discount the receivable as interest income.

2.5.16 Dividend Distribution

The distribution of dividends to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders. The parent company is covered by the special regulations for listed real estate investment companies (SOCIMIs), which are regulated by the special tax regulations established in Law 11/2009, of 26 October, as amended by Law 16/2012, of 27 December, which regulates listed real estate investment companies. They shall be obliged to distribute the profit obtained in the financial year to their shareholders in the form of dividends, once the corresponding mercantile obligations have been fulfilled, and the distribution must be agreed within six months after the end of each financial year, as follows:

- a) 100% of the profits from dividends or shares in profits distributed by the entities referred to in section 1 article 2 of this Law.
- b) At least 50% of the profits derived from the transfer of real estate and shares or holdings referred to in section 1 article 2 of this Law, made

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after the periods referred to in section 3 article 3 of this Law have elapsed, used for the fulfilment of their main corporate purpose. The remainder of these profits must be reinvested in other property or holdings assigned to the fulfilment of that object within three years of the date of transfer. This failing, such profits must be distributed in full together with any profits arising from the year in which the reinvestment period ends. If the reinvested assets are transferred before the holding period, such profits must be distributed in full together with any profits attributable to the part of those profits attributable to years in which the company was not taxed under the special tax regulations established in the aforementioned Law.

c) At least 80% of the remainder of the profits obtained.

The dividend must be paid within one month of the date of the distribution resolution.

When the distribution of dividends is charged to reserves from the profits of a year in which the special tax regulations have been applied, the distribution must be made with the resolution referred to in the previous section.

2.5.17 Cash and cash equivilents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits with credit institutions, other short-term highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, and bank overdrafts.

3.- FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT.

The Group's activities are exposed to various financial risks: market risk (interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's global risk management programme focuses on the uncertainty of the financial markets and seeks to minimise the potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

Risk management is controlled by the Group Finance Department which identifies, assesses and hedges financial risks in accordance with policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Board provides policies for overall risk management as well as for specific areas such as interest rate risk, liquidity risk, use of derivatives and non-derivatives and investment of surplus liquidity.

3.1 Financial risk management

a) Market risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises from financial debt. Loans issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

b) Credit risk

Credit risk is managed at group level. The Group defines a policy for managing and analysing the credit risk of its new customers before offering them the usual payment terms and conditions. Credit risk arises mainly from customers for sales and services as well as from various debtors.

Group risk management determines the creditworthiness of customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set on the basis of internal and external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The use of credit limits is monitored on a regular basis.

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The Group considers that it does not have significant concentrations of credit risk, where credit risk is understood as the impact on the income statement of a write-off of receivables.

The Group maintains its cash and cash equivalents with two entities with the highest credit quality.

c) Liquidation risk

Cash flow forecasting is carried out by the Group's finance department. It monitors the Group's liquidity needs to ensure that it has sufficient cash to meet operating requirements while maintaining sufficient availability of liquidity at all times so that the Group does not default on its financial obligations.

d) Tax risk

As mentioned in Note 1, the Parent Company is subject to the special tax regulations for Listed Real Estate Investment Companies (SOCIMI). Pursuant to article 6 of Law 11/2009 of 26 October 2009, as amended by Law 16/2012 of 27 December, SOCIMIs that have opted for these regulations are obliged to distribute the profit obtained in the year to their shareholders in the form of dividends, once the corresponding commercial obligations have been met, and the distribution must be agreed within six months following the end of each year and paid within the month following the date of the distribution agreement (Note 11).

e) Other considerations

The WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A. and Subsidiaries group has been and is severely adversely affected by the current situation of COVID-19 in accordance with the following business lines:

Development and promotion of buildings:

In particular, the restriction of movements in relation to the management of office buildings is the biggest obstacle faced by the company. The health area in which the buildings on Calle Manuel Tovar are located has suffered (and continues to suffer) mobility restrictions practically uninterruptedly.

- The main activities carried out by the 10 leasing companies of the office buildings are not included in the list of essential activities that can be maintained after the application of Royal Decree-Law 10/2020 of 20 March
- Communications have been received at the offices of WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A. from several tenants occupying the office buildings requesting discounts or deferrals in the payment of rents, and even modifications to the terms of their current contracts, which cannot be met since, as lessor, it must continue to meet its payment obligations to the banks that financed the purchase of the assets.
- The company must carry out several structural and adaptation reforms necessary for the development of the activity in the buildings, which are paralysed due to the state of alarm.

The most relevant mitigating factors of the above situation, on which the company has relied and for which the going concern principle is applied, are the following:

• Search and analysis of potential real estate operations:

The RDL 8/2020 of 17 March the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Digital Transformation approved a grant of guarantees (Line of Guarantees) for financing granted by credit institutions. This Line of Guarantees was approved by the Council of Ministers on 24 March 2020 with the aim of mitigating the economic effects of COVID-19 and was published in the Official State Gazette of 26 March 2020. The aforementioned line of guarantees is managed by the Official Credit Institute, in collaboration with financial institutions such as BANKINTER and BANKIA.

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Based on the requirements for the application, the parent company WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A., fulfilled all the requirements and was eligible to apply, through the new ICO credit lines, for financing from entities such as BANKINTER or BANKIA. As a result, the company applied for and received the following ICO loans:

- The amount of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND EUROS (€100,000) from the entity BANKINTER on 2 June 2020.
- The amount of ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY TWO THOUSAND EUROS (€172,000) by BANKIA on 9 September 2020.

In fiscal year 2021, the situation has improved significantly, despite the fact that there is still a high degree of teleworking by tenants.

3.2 Capital Management

The main objectives of the Group's capital management are to ensure short and long-term financial stability, the positive evolution of the shares of Whiteni RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A. and the adequate financing of investments. The financial leverage ratios, calculated as (Financial debt/(Financial debt + equity) at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020, are as follows:

	31/12/2021 31/12/202		
Financial debt	7,669,640.87 €	10,595,030.55€	
Equity	10,130,930.25 €	5,940,068.18€	
Laverage	76%	64.08%	

3.3 Estimation of fair value of financial and real estate assets

In accordance with the new IFRS 13 standard, the hierarchy level at which an asset or liability is classified in its entirety (Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3) is determined on the basis of the lowest relevant input used in the valuation within the fair value hierarchy. In the event that the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or liability can be categorised within the different levels, the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the measurement of value.

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: Distinct inputs to the quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, directly or indirectly through valuation techniques using observable market data.
 - Level 3: Unobservable market inputs for the asset or liability.

The table below presents the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value.

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31 december de 2021 (Thousands of €):				
ζ,.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Tota
Assets				
Long term financial investments				
Investment properties	-	22,471	-	22,471
Total assets	-	22,471	-	22,471
31 december de 2020 (Thousands of				
€):				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Long term financial investments				
Investment properties	-	20,129	-	20,129

20,129

20,129

See Note 6 for information on the fair value of investment property for the purpose of subsequent

3.5 Offsetting financial assets and liabilities

Total assets

The only financial assets and liabilities of the Group subject to offsetting are, respectively, guarantees deposited with official bodies and guarantees to be returned to tenants. It is the Group's intention that if they are settled, they will be settled on a gross basis and have therefore not been offset.

4. SEGMENT REPORTING

valuation

The Investment Committee together with the Board of Directors is the chief operating decision maker. Management has determined the operating segments based on information reviewed by these bodies for the purpose of allocating resources and assessing the Group's performance. Management identifies two reportable segments: offices (Manuel Tovar properties, 43, 45 and 49) and rental for temporary housing (Fomento - Rio property, currently under refurbishment) and corporate.

31 December de 2021

			Thousands of euros
	Oficcies/rent	Corporate	Total
Provision of servicies	1,600	-	-
Change in fair value of investments property		- 5,702	5,702
Operating expenses		- (1,559)	(1,559)
Gains/loses on disposals			-

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Operating income	1,600	4,143	5,743
Financial income	-	-	-
Financial expenses	-	(764)	(764)
Financial result	-	(764)	(764)
Profit before tax	1,600	(764)	4,979
Income taxes	-	-	-
Profit for the year	1,600	3,379	4,979

31 december of 2020

			Thousand of eur
	Officies/rent	Corporate	Total
Provisions of services	1,296	-	1,296
Change in fair value of investment property	0	1,074	1,074
Operating expenses	-	(1,045)	(1,045)
Gains/loses on disposals	-	-	-
Operating income	1,296	29	1,325
Financial income	-	0,010	0,010
Financial expenses	-	(559)	(559)
Financial result	-	(559)	(559)
Profit before tax	1,296	(532)	766
Income taxes	-	-	-
Profit for the year	1,296	(532)	766

The amounts provided to the Investment Committee and the Board of Directors in respect of total assets and liabilities are valued on a basis consistent with those applied in the consolidated financial statements. These assets and liabilities are allocated on the basis of the segment's activities.

31 december 2021

	Offices/rent	Corporate	Total
Non current assets			
Investment property	22,471	-	22,471
Other non current assets	-	136	136

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Current assets	-	1,917	1,917
Non current assets		10,820	10,820
Current liabilities		3,572	3,572
			Th
31 december 2020			Thousand of euros
	Officies/rent	Corporate	Total
Non current assets			
Investment property	20,129	-	20,129
Other non current assets	-	139	139
Current assets	-	1,584	1,584
Non current liabilities		6,536	6,536
Company lightlistics		0.376	0.375
Current liabilities		9,376	9,376

5. TANGIBLE ASSETS

Details and movement in "Tangible assets" are as follow

	Thousands of euros		
	Furniture, data processing equipment and other fixtures and fittings	<u>Total</u>	
Balance as 01.01.2021	<u>13,63</u>	<u>13,63</u>	
Cost	15,9	15,9	
Accumulated depreciation	<u>-2,28</u>	<u>-2,28</u>	
Book value	<u>13,63</u>	<u>13,63</u>	
Additions	0,57	0,57	
Provisions for amortisation	<u>2,03</u>	<u>2,03</u>	

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Balance as 31.12.2021	12,17	<u>12,17</u>
Cost	16,47	16,47
	-3,	
Accumulated amortisation	-4,30	-4,30
Book value	<u>12,17</u>	<u>12,17</u>
	Thousands of euros	
	Furniture, data processing	
	equipment and other fixtures and fittings	<u>Total</u>
Balance as 01.01.2020	14,21	14,21
Cost	14,7	14,7
Accumulated amortization	-0,49	-0,49
Book value	<u>14,21</u>	<u>14,21</u>
Additions	1,21	1,42
Provision for amortization	1,79	1,79
	<u>=11.2</u>	<u> </u>
Balance as 31.12.2020	<u>13,63</u>	<u>13,63</u>
Cost	15,9	15,9
Accumulated amortization	<u>-2,28</u>	-2,28
Book value	13,63	13,63

a) <u>Impairment losses</u>

During the financial year of 2021, no impairment losses have been recognised or reversed for any item of tangible asset

b) Fully depreciated assets

There are no fully depreciated assets at 31 december 2021.

6. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Investment property comprises buildings and other structures owned for long-term rental income and not occupied by the Group.

Details and movement in investment property are as follows:

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	Thousands of euros		
	Investment property		
Balance as 01.01.2021	20,129 -		
Acquisitions			
Property investment in progress			
Net gain / (loss) on fair value adjustments	2,662		
Amort. Accumulated	-321		
Balance as 31.12.2021	22,470		
Balance as 01.01.2020	19,262		
Acquisitions			
Property investment in progress			
Net gain / (loss) on fair value adjustments	1,097 -		
Amort. Accumulated	-230		
Balance as 31.12.2020	20,129		

During 2019, the Group formalized the acquisition of a real estate asset located at 40 Fomento Street - Rio 3 for an amount of 2.46 million euros (excluding acquisition costs). The property is currently being refurbished and will be used as a temporary rental property.

During the year 2021, the company WHITENI FOMENTO SOCIMI, S.L. carried out an accounting revaluation of the aforementioned real estate asset in order to provide a value in 2020 that is more in line with the real value (market value) based on valuations carried out by an independent company. In this revaluation, the principle of prudence has been used. The increase in value amounted to 1,054.27.

In 2021, the Group finally exercised the purchase option on only one of the buildings, the one located at Calle Fomento 40, for a percentage of 62.53 %,

The same occurs in the 2022 fiscal year, in March an appraisal of the properties of the group entities was carried out, and in order to adjust their value to the market value, they have been revalued in the total amount of 5,604,847.60 euros.

a) Income and expenses from investment property

The following income and expenses from investment property have been recognised in the income statement:

	Thousands of euros (2021)
Rental income (Note 13)	1,292
Operating expenses arising from investments	(1,212)
Real estate generating rental income	
Total	80
	Thousands of euros (2020)
Rental income (Note 13)	1,296

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Real estate generating rental income Operating expenses arising from investments (878)

Real estate not generating rental income

Total 418

a) Assets under operating leases

The total amount of future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases, taking into account that the sale of the buildings took place in April 2022, is as follows:

	31.12.2021 (Thousands of euros)	31.12.2020 (Thousands of euros)
One year	247.5	990
Between one and five years	0	2,673
More tan five years	0	1,153
	247.5	4.816

b) <u>Insurance</u>

The Group's policy is to take out all insurance policies necessary to cover possible risks that could affect its investment property. The coverage of these policies is considered sufficient.

c) Obligations

At year-end the Group has contractual obligations for the refurbishment and development of investment property. Specifically on the property located at Fomento 40 - Rio 3.

d) Valuation process

The cost and fair value of investment property as at 31 December 2021 is reported below:

	Thousands of euros 31.12.21	
	Cost value	Fair value
Investment property	13,625	22,791

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		nds of euros		
	_	31.12.20 Cost Fair value		
	value			
Investment property	20,128	28,961		

The valuations of these real estate assets have been carried out under the "market value" hypothesis, which has been determined on the basis of the valuation carried out by independent valuation experts Gesvalt Sociedad de Tasación for the properties of Manuel Tovar and Savills Aguirre Newman Valoraciones y Tasaciones, S.A.U. for the property at calle Fomento 40 for 62.47% as mentioned above, since in this year we only have that percentage of ownership of the same and we do not have the Río building.

The "Market Value" is defined as the estimated amount for which an asset should be able to be exchanged at the valuation date, between a willing seller and a willing buyer, after a reasonable marketing period, and in which both parties have acted with knowledge, prudence and without any coercion.

The valuation methodology adopted by the independent valuers in determining fair value was primarily the 10-year discounted cash flow method and the income capitalization method (reflecting net rents, capitalized expenses, etc.), in addition to cross-checking the information with comparables. The residual amount at the end of year 10 is calculated by applying an exit yield or cap rate to the year 11 net income projections. Cash flows are discounted at an internal rate of return to arrive at the net present value. This internal rate of return is adjusted to reflect the risk associated with the investment and the assumptions made. The key variables are, therefore, income, exit yield and internal rate of return.

As of December 31, 2021, it has been decided to record the properties at fair value of all subsidiaries, revaluing them in order to bring their book value in line with their actual market value. This revaluation, specifically that of the buildings owned by Whiteni Rcajal Socimi, S.A. and Whiteni Mtovar 43, S.L., was based on the value of a binding offer made for the sale of these properties between February and March 2022, which finally became effective (the three properties were sold) on April 13. This represented an increase of 5,604,847.60 over the acquisition value.

In 2020, the revaluation was only applied to the buildings owned by Whiteni Fomento, amounting to 1,054,272.94 euros.

The income capitalization method consists of the capitalization of the estimated net income from each property, based on the lease period and the reversion. This involves the capitalization of the current income over the period, together with the valuation of each of the probable subsequent rents after the updates of the rents or after the formalization of new leases in each of the foreseen periods, always based on the current value. The yield applied to the different income categories reflects all the forecasts and risks associated with cash flow and investment. Therefore, the key variables of the capitalization method are the determination of the net income, the time period over which the net income is discounted, the approximation of the value at the end of each period and the target internal rate of return used for the discounted cash flow.

The estimated yields depend on the type and age of the properties and their location. The properties have been valued individually, considering each of the leases in force at year-end

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and, if applicable, foreseeable leases, based on current market rents for the different areas, supported by comparables and transactions carried out for their calculations.

The valuation of investment property has been classified as level 2 in accordance with the definition set out in note 3.3 above. In this regard, the fair value of investment property has been determined by independent valuation experts using valuation techniques observable in the market and available to a lesser extent based on specific estimates of the entities.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, there have been no transfers of levels. The total fees paid by independent valuers Gesvalt Sociedad de Tasación, S.A. and Savills Aguirre Newman Valoraciones y Tasaciones, S.A.U., including those related to this instruction, are less than 5.0% of the company's total revenues.

7. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Details of movements in this chapter in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet are as follows:

	Development	Concessions	Patents licenses, trademark and similar items	Computer sofware	Other intangible assets	Total
A) GROSS OPENING BALANCE, FINANCIAL YEAR 2021				3,290.29€		3,290.29 €
(+)Acquisitions through business combinations						
(+)Non-cash contributions (+)Additions and						
improvements (+)Other entries						
(-)Disposals, withdrawals or reductions						
(-/+)Transfers to/from non-current assets held for sale or discontinued operations						
(-/+)Transfers to/from other items						
B GROSS CLOSING BALANCE, FINANCIAL YEAR 2021				3,290.29€		3,290.29 €
C) GROSS OPENING BALANCE, FINANCIAL YEAR 2020				382.29€		382.29 €
(+)Acquisitions through business combinations						
(+)Non-cash						

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contributions (+)Additions and improvements (+)Other entries 2,908.00€ 2,908.00€ (-)Disposals, withdrawals or reductions (-/+)Transfers to/from non-current assets held for sale or discontinued operations (-/+)Transfers to/from other items D) GROSS ENDING **BALANCE, FINANCIAL** 3,290.29€ 3,290.29€ **YEAR 2020** E) ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION, 441.43 € 441.43 € **OPENING BALANCE, FINANCIAL YEAR 2021** (+)Depreciation charge 823.60€ 823.60 € for the year 2021 (+)Increase due to acquisitions or disposals (-)Decrease due to disposals, retirements, reductions or transfers F) ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 1,265.03€ **OPENING BALANCE.** 1,265.03€ FINANCIAL YEAR 2021 **G) ACCUMULATED** DEPRECIATION, 144.41€ **OPENING BALANCE.** 144.41 € **FINANCIAL YEAR 2020** (+)Depreciation charge 297.02€ 297.02 € for the year 2020 (+)Increase due to acquisitions or disposals (-)Decrease due to disposals, retirements, reductions or transfers H) ACCUMULATED **DEPRECIATION, YEAR** 441.43€ 441.43 € **END-BALANCE 2020** M) ACCUMULATED 2,025.26€ 2,025.26€ **DEPRECIATION, YEAR** 2020 N) NET BOOK VALUE 2,848.86€ 2,848.86€ AT THE END OF 2020

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No circumstances have arisen that have had a significant impact on the current year or future years affecting residual values, useful lives or depreciation methods.

Compared to the previous year, the information on the amount of intangible assets acquired outside Spanish territory and not assigned to operations is as follows: there are no intangible assets outside Spanish territory.

There are no assets not directly assigned to operations.

Financial expenses capitalised in the year amount to 0 euros.

There are no fully amortised intangible assets on 31 December

8. ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a) Analysis by category

The carrying amounts of each category of financial instruments are as follows:

a. 1) Financial Assets, except investments in the equity of associates.

Long term

Information on long-term financial instruments on the assets side of the Group's balance sheet, classified by category, is as follows (in thousands):

	Equity instruments debt			s and ables	Derivatives and others		то	TOTAL	
	EX. 2021	EX. 2020	EX. 2021	EX. 2020	EX. 2021	EX. 2020	EX. 2021	EX. 2020	
Assets at fair value through profit or loss, of which									
Held for trading									
Others									
Held-to-maturity investments									
Loans and receivables					87	88	87	88	
Available-for-sale assets, of which:									
Valued at fair price									
Valued at fair price								_	
TOTAL					87	88	87	88	

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Short term financial assets

	Equity instru	Equity instruments debt		debt Loans and receivables		Derivatives and others		TOTAL	
	EX. 2021	EX. 2020	EX. 2021	EX. 2020	EX. 2021	EX. 2020	EX. 2021	EX. 2020	
Assets at fair value through profit or loss, of which:									
Held for trading									
Others									
Held-to- maturity investments									
Loans and receivables					452.00€	131.00 €	452.00€	131.00 €	
Available-for- sale assets, of which:									
Valued at fair price									
Values at cost									
Hedging derivatives									
TOTAL					452.00 €	131.00 €	452.00 €	131.00 €	

Trade receivable:

The carrying amount of loans and receivables approximates their fair value, as the effect of discounting is not significant.

Of the total short-term loans and receivables, as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, no customer receivables had matured and therefore no provision has been made in accordance with the established customer aging policy and the Group's evaluation of these receivables. Also, 0 thousand euros were recorded in the consolidated income statement for bad debts (0 euros in 2020 as well).

The aging analysis of trade receivables for sales and services is as follows:

	Thousands of euros
	2021
Up to 3 months	-
Between 3 and 6 month	-
re than 6 months	301

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	Miles de euro
	202
Unite 2 months	
Up to 3 months Between 3 and 6 month	
More than 6 months	274

Information on cash and cash equivalents is as follows:

INFORMATION ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AMOUNT	AMOUNT 2021	AMOUNT 2020
Treasury	301.00 €	274.00 €
Other equivalent liquid assets	0.00	0.00
CLOSING BALANCE	301.00 €	274.00 €

a.2) Financial liabilities.

The financial instruments on the liabilities side of the Group's consolidated <u>long-term</u> balance sheet, classified by category, are (expressed in thousands):

					CLASSES			
	to cı	ts owed redit utions	Obligations and other negotiable values		Derivatives and others		TOTAL	
	EX. 2021	EX. 2020	EX. 2021	EX. 2020	EX. 2021 EX. 2020		EX. 2021	EX. 2020
Debits and payables	6,465	6,355			4,355	182	10,820	6,536
Liabilities at fair value through profit and loss, of which:								
- Held for trading								
- Others								
Hedging derivatives								

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TOTAL	C 465	C 255		4 255	400	40.000	6 536
TOTAL	6,465	6,355		4,355	182	10,820	6,536

Information on the Group's **short-term** financial instruments on the liability side of the consolidated balance sheet, classified by category, is as follows:

		CLASSES								
	Amounts owed to credit institutions		other ne	ions and egotiable ues				OTAL		
	EX. 2021	EX. 2020	EX. 2021	EX. 2020	EX. 2021	EX. 2020	EX. 2021	EX. 2020		
Debits and payables	1,204 €	4,240 €			1,841 €	4,834 €	3,045 €	9,075 €		
Liabilities at fair value through profit and loss, of which:										
- Held for trading										
- Others										
Hedging derivatives										
TOTAL	1,204.00 €	4,240 €			1,841 €	4,834 €	3,045 €	9,075 €		

The loans and receivables secured by collateral are listed below:

WITH BANKINTER NAME / ISSUE LIMIT Maturity date LOAN 2.600.000,00 31/07/2033

This loan accrues an annual interest of 2.10%, with a mortgage guarantee on the warehouse building located at Calle Manuel Tovar 43

BANKIA

Balance drawn down (Debtor on credit account) 4,800,000.00 Current limit/amount granted 4,800,000.00 Maturity date 03/04/2032

Whith the sale from buildings from Manuel Tovar 45 y 49 street, CAIXA's mortgage loan was canceled (previously named BANKIA) on 13th april 2022.

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This loan accrues annual interest rate of 2% and is secured by a mortgage on the warehouse building located at Calle Manuel Tovar 45-49

A personal loan, granted by the company INCUS CAPITAL to the subsidiary company MTOVAR 43 SOCIMI, S.L. IN THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF 2,500,000, WITH DUE DATE: 31/07/2020, which has been extended until 2021

On 15th december of 2021, INCUS CAPITAL's mortgage was canceled.

This loan bears interest at a rate of 12% per annum, broken down into a fixed annual interest rate of 3% current interest and a 9% annual interest rate capitalisable to the principal

The collateral for the personal loan consists of a first-ranking pledge on 100% of the Borrower's shares in the capital stock and on the claims arising from intra-group loans.

b) Due dates analysis

On 31 December 2021, the amounts of financial instruments with a fixed or determinable maturity classified by year of maturity are as follows (expressed in thousands):

Financial assets

On 31 december 2021 Thousands of euros

		Financial assets								
years	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	subsequent	Total			
Trade receivables:										
- Trade receivables	338	-	-	-	-	-	338			
- Other financial assets	111	-	-	-	-	-	111			
	449	-	-	-	-	-	449			

Financial assets

On 31 december 2020

Thousands of euros

 Años		al assets				
Allos	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	subsequent Total
Trade receivables: - Trade receivables	112	-	-	-	-	112
- Other financial assets	19	-	-	-	-	- 19
	131-		-	-	-	- 131

		ſ	Maturity in y	years		
1	2	3	4	5	Más de 5	TOTAL

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Investments in					
group and					
associated				87.00 €	87.00 €
companies					
Loans and advances					
to companies					
Representative debt					
values					
Derivatives					
Other financial					
assets					
Other investments				87.00 €	87.00 €
Financial investments	112				112
Loans and advances to third parties	28				28
Loans and receivables					
Derivatives					
Other financial					
assets	84				84
Other investments					
Non-current					
commercial debts					
Commercial debts					
and other receivables	338 €				338€
Customers for sales and provision of services	340€				340 €
Clients, group and associated companies					
Several debtors	-2€				-2€
Personnel					
Shareholders (parters) for required disbursements					
	450			87 €	E27.6
TOTAL	450			8/€	537 €

		Maturity in years							
	1	2	3	4	5	Más de 5	TOTAL		
Investments in group and associated companies	19.00 €					88.00 €	107.00 €		
Loans and advances to companies	19.00€						19.00€		

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TOTAL	132 €			88 €	220 €
Shareholders (parters) for required disbursements					
Personnel					
Several debtors	0.48 €				0.48 \$
Clients, group and associated companies					
Customers for sales and provision of services	112€				112 (
Commercial debts and other receivables	112€				112 (
Non-current commercial debts					
Other investments					
Other financial assets	0.075				0.075 ‡
Derivatives					
Loans and receivables					
Loans and advances to third parties					
Financial investments	0.075				0.075
Other investments				88.00 €	88.00 €
Other financial assets					
Derivatives					
Representative debt values					

Financial liabilities

	Maturity in years							
	1	2	3	4	5	More then 5	TOTAL	
Debts	2,021		6,465			4,355	12,841	
Obligations and other negotiable values								
Amounts owed to credit institutions	1,204		6,465				7,669	

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ı				1		Ī	•
Finance lease payables							
Derivatives							
Other financial liabilities	817					4,355	5,172
Payable to group and associated companies							
Non-current commercial debts							
Commercial debtors and other accounts payable	1,025						1,024
Suppliers	22						22
Suppliers, group companies and associates							
Various creditors	838						838
Personnel							
Customer advances	165						
Payables with special characteristics							
TOTAL	3,046	0	6,465	0	0	4,355	13,866

	Maturity in years							
	1	2	3	4	5	Más de 5	TOTAL	
Debts	8,766		6,355			182	15,303	
Obligations and other negotiable values								
Obligations and other negotiable values	4,240		6,355				10,595	

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Finance lease payables					
Derivatives					
Other financial liabilities	4,526			182	4,708
Payable to group and associated companies					
Non-current commercial debts					
Commercial debtors and other accounts payable	308				308
Suppliers	27				27
Suppliers, group companies and associates					
Various creditors	182				182
Personnel	0.034€				0
Customer advances	99				99
Payables with special characteristics					
TOTAL	9,074	6,355		182	15,611

Trade payables:

Acreedores y otras cuentas a pagar:

	Financial liabilities						
<u>Years</u>							
	2021	2022	2023	2024 20	25 subsequent Tota		
	1,024				1,024		

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			Finar	ncial liabilities
<u>Years</u>				
	2021	2022	2023	2024 2025 subsequent Total
	308			308

g) Impairment adjustments arising from credit risk

There are no impaired loans and receivables in 2021 or 2020

9. CAPITAL, TREASURY SHARES AND EARNINGS PER SHARE

9.1. Capital

As 31 december 2021 the social capital was era 5.602.585,00€ and is represented by:

- Number of shares 5,602,585.00.

 Per value of the share 1€
 - It is 100% paid up

In February 2021, a capital increase of Whiteni FOMENTO SOCIMI, S.L. in the amount of €140,640.00 was registered in the Madrid Mercantile Registry through the issue of 140,640 shares.

In August 2021, the capital increase in the company WHITENI MTOVAR 43 SOCIMI, S.L. in the amount of € 816,849.00 is registered through the offsetting of existing credits with the parent company WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A.

In January 2020, a capital increase of the investee Whiteni FOMENTO SOCIMI, S.L. was recorded in the Madrid Mercantile Registry. This increase was approved on October 1, 2019 in an Extraordinary General Meeting for the amount of 949,000, through the issuance of 949,000 shares of 1 €. The resolution was made public on January 21, 2020 in deed with protocol number 286 before Notary Jaime Recarte Casanova and with date of registration in the Commercial Registry of Madrid on January 30, 2020.

In addition, on February 24, 2020, two additional capital increases for a total amount of € 458,591.20 were notarized before notary Jaime Recarte Casanova, with protocol number 1084, and registered in the Commercial Registry of Madrid on March 13, 2020:

- The first in the amount of €440,000, by the issuance of 440,000 shares with a par value of €1 each, by means of credit compensation.
- The second in the amount of €18,591, for the issuance of 18,591 shares with a par value of €1 each, by capital contribution.

On June 12, 2020, WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A. executed the deed of capital increase before the notary public of the city of Madrid Jaime Recarte Casanova with protocol number 2,492, through which the incorporation to the group of PROYECTOS Y PROMOCIONES LEGAZPI SOCIMI, S.L. was materialized. This deed was registered in the Mercantile Registry of Madrid on June 24, 2020. The amount of the capital increase was 140,741 € through the issuance of 140,741 shares of 1 € par value with an issue premium of 239,259.70 €.

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As of December 31, 2018, the capital stock was €4,050,450, with two capital contributions taking place in 2019:

- 04/11/2019. Increase of €522,739 by issuing 522,739 shares of €1 each.
- 13/12/2019. Increase of €888,655 by issuance of 888,655 shares of €1 each.

At the beginning of the 2017 financial year, the capital was €60,000. Four capital increases were carried out in 2018:

- 24/01/2018. Increase of €326,000 by issuing 326,000 acc at €1 per share.
- 04/04/2018: Capital increase of €3,045,000 through the issue of 3,045,000 shares at €1 per share.
- 05/21/2018: Increase of €275,000 by issuance of 275,000 acc of €1 per share, increase by credit compensation.
- 07/31/2018: Increase of €344,450 by issuance of 344,450 acc of €1 per share.

It is noted for the record that the Company was registered in the Mercantile Registry less than five years ago, which is why Article 348 bis of the Capital Companies Act does not apply, which is noted for the appropriate purposes.

All the shares of the parent company are listed on the EURONEXT stock market.

9.2 Treasury shares

There were no treasury shares in the financial year 2021 or the previous year.

9.3 Earning per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit/(loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, excluding the weighted average number of treasury shares held during the financial year.

Diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit/(loss) for the period attributable to owners of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all potentially dilutive instruments.

10. RESERVES AND PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Reserves

The Group has recorded positive voluntary reserves in the amount of € 262,913.47 in 2021. In 2020, negative reserves amounting to -71,800.00 euros, derived from the regularization of the item "real estate investments" in the company WHITENI FOMENTO SOCIMI, S.L. due to the activation in this item of expenses not attributable to the investment assets in previous years). Additionally, as we have already mentioned, it has a

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reserve for share premium in the amount of 239,259.7 euros, as a consequence of the capital increase carried out in 2020 by the parent company.

Legal Reserve

The legal reserve must be appropriated in accordance with article 274 of the Spanish Companies Act, which establishes that, in any case, an amount equal to 10% of the profit for the financial year must be allocated to this reserve until it reaches at least 20% of the share capital.

It cannot be distributed and if it is used to offset losses, in the event that there are no other reserves available for this purpose, it must be replenished from future profits. The entity has no legal reserve because it has made losses since inception.

Distribution of profit

The proposed distribution of the parent company's profit to be submitted to the Annual General Meeting is as follows:

BASE OF DISTRIBUTION Profit and loss	917	2020
Total	917	141

DISTRIBUTION	2021	2020
To legal reserve	91	14
To dividends	826	128
At loss for the period		
Total distributed	917	142

11. TAX SITUATION.

11.1 Income taxes

Deferred tax assets

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At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group has recorded for accounting purposes the tax credit derived from tax loss carryforwards credited and pending offset in the amount of €33,982.02 from the subsidiary Mtovar 43 for the year 2018.

The parent company is subject to the SOCIMI tax regime.

The reconciliation between the net amount of income and expenses for the year and the taxable income tax base is as follows:

31-dec-21	Income statement		Income and expenses recognised directly i equity		ed directly in	
	Increases	Decreases	Total	Increases	Decreases	Total
Balance of income and expenses for the financial year			4,979.00€			4,979.00 €
Corporate income tax Permanent						
differences Temporary differences						
Consolidation adjustment						
Taxable income (taxable profit)			4,979.00 €			4,979.00 €

31-dec-20	Income statement		Income and expenses recognised directly in equity			
	Increases	Decreases	Total	Increases	Decreases	Total
Balance of income and expenses for the financial year			766.00 €			766.00 €
Corporate income tax						
Permanent differences						
Temporary differences						
Consolidation adjustment						
Taxable income (taxable profit)			766.00 €			766.00 €

In accordance with Law 11/2009, of 26 October, and the amendments made to it by Law 16/2012, of 27 December, which regulates SOCIMIs, the current corporate income tax results from

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applying a tax rate of 0% to the tax base. No tax credits were applied in the financial year 2020 and withholdings and prepayments amounted to EUR 0 thousand.

Tax audits

Under current legislation, taxes cannot be considered to have been effectively settled until the tax authorities have reviewed the tax returns filed or until the four-year statute of limitations period has elapsed.

As a consequence, among others, of the different possible interpretations of the current tax legislation, additional liabilities could arise as a result of an inspection. In any case, the Directors consider that such liabilities, should they arise, would not significantly affect the balance sheet and income statement for the year from January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021.

At December 31, 2021, the detail of the Group's collection rights and payment obligations with the Public Administrations is as follows:

Thousand	of euros
----------	----------

	2021	2020
Receivables		_
Receivable from tax authorities	44	75
Payment obligations		
Tax authorities, VAT payable Tax authorities, creditor for witholding tax Social Security agencies, creditors IBI tax authorities	(148) (26) (1) (351)	(83) (13) (3) (202)

11.2 Other taxes

There are no significant circumstances in relation to other taxes

12 INCOME AND EXPENSES

a) <u>Net turnover</u>

The net turnover corresponding to the Group's ordinary activities is distributed geographically as follows:

Market	Percentage	Thousands of
National		1,600 1,600
2020		
Market	Percentage	Thousand of euros

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National	100%	<u>1,296</u>
	100%	1,296

The breakdown of the net turnover is as follows:

Thousands of euros

		<u>31.12.21</u>	<u>31.12.20</u>
la sausa			
Income Re-invoicing	of	1,293	1,296
expenses	_	307	
		1.600	1.296

Lease contracts entered into by Group companies are under normal market terms in terms of duration, early expiration dates and release.

Staff costs

<u>Staff costs</u>		
Thousands of euros	2021	2020
Wages, salaries and similar	-80	-57
Social charges	-25	-19
Total	-105	-76

As of 31 December 2021 there are no severance payments and in 2020 there are no severance payments. The average number of employees during the period by category is as follows

Total categories	2021	2020
Managing directors		
Graduates	3	3
Administrative and Others		
Total	3	3

The gender breakdown of the Groups staff on 31 December is as follows:

			2021/ 2020
Categories	Men	Women	Total
Executives / Directors	-	-	-
Graduates	2 / 3	1/2	3 / 5

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Administrative and others	-		
	2 / 3	1 / 2	3 / 5

The Group has no employees with a disability of 33% or more (or local equivalent qualification) as of 31 December 2021 nor in 2020

b) Other operating expenses

The breakdown of other operating expenses is as follows:

	Thousands of euros		
	2021	2020	
External attributable services			
Directly attributable to assets	(105)	(726)	
Real estate			
Other external services	(160)	(152)	
	(1.212)	(878)	
	(1,212)	(0/0)	

13. PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENCIES

Contingent liabilities

On 31 December 2021 and in 2020 the Group has no contingent liabilities.

14. COMMITMENTS

Operating lease commitments

There are neither in 2021 nor 2020.

15. BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND OTHER REMUNERATIONS

Shareholdings, positions and activities of the members of the Board of Directors

Article 229 of the Capital Companies Act, approved by Royal Legislative Decree 1/2010 of 2 July, imposes on the Directors the duty to notify the Board of Directors and, failing that, the other Directors or the General Meeting of any situation of direct or indirect conflict that they may have with the interests of the Company.

Equally, Directors must also disclose any direct or indirect shareholdings that they or persons related to them hold in the capital of a company with the same, similar or complementary type of activity to that which constitutes the corporate purpose of the Parent Company, and they must also disclose the offices or functions they hold therein. In this respect, Annex I includes the information provided by those Directors who have declared the offices and functions they hold in companies with the same, similar or complementary type of activity.

Remuneration of the members of the Board of Directors

Equally, Directors must also disclose any direct or indirect shareholdings that they or persons related to them hold in the capital of a company with the same, similar or complementary type of activity to that which constitutes the corporate purpose of the Parent Company, and they must also disclose the offices or functions they hold therein. In this respect, Annex I includes the information provided by those Directors who have declared the offices and functions they hold in companies with the same, similar or complementary type of activity.

During the financial years 2021 and 2020, no remuneration was paid to the members of the Board of Directors by the parent company or subsidiaries.

The other members of the Board of Directors of the Parent Company did not receive any shares or stock options during the financial year, nor did they exercise any options or have any options outstanding.

The members of the Board of Directors of the Parent Company do not hold any pension funds or similar obligations for their benefit.

During the financial year 2021, the Company has paid 3 thousand euros in premiums for liability insurance covering the members of the Board of Directors of the Parent Company for the performance of their duties within the Board of Directors.

During the current and previous financial year, there are no senior management personnel who do not belong to the Parent Company's Board of Directors

16 .TRANSACTIONS WITH PAYMENTS BASED ON EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

There are no payments based on equity instruments.

17. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

There are transactions with related parties, with the entity Whiteni Gestión S.L., which provides administration and management services for all the assets that make up the Group's assets, mainly real estate, as well as general representation of the Group. The volume of invoicing with this company amounted to 308,968 euros in 2021 and 364,000 euros in 2020. There is a trade debt with this entity amounting to 603481.36 euros in 2021.

Additionally, the parent company, Whiteni Rcajal, has a long-term debt with partners amounting to 2,861,864.44 euros.

On the other hand, the parent company has a receivable from subsidiaries amounting to 3,577,224 euros in 2021 and 3,227,873.54 euros in 2020.

18. EVENTS AFTER THE CLOSURE

On April 13, 2022, the three buildings located at 43, 45 and 49 Manuel Tovar Street, which are the main assets of WHITENI MTOVAR 43, SOCIMI, S.L. and WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A., were sold, resulting in a significant accounting profit for both companies.

Similarly, on April 1, 2022, WHITENI MTOVAR 43 SOCIMI, S.L. (absorbed company) and WHITENI FOMENTO SOCIMI, S.L. (absorbing company) were merged by means of a public deed executed before the notary public of the city of Madrid, Mr. Jaime Recarte Casanova.

19. FEES

The fees received by the auditors of the consolidated and individual accounts of the companies included in the consolidation and those corresponding to any company of the same group to which the auditor belongs, or to any other company to which the auditor is linked by control, common ownership or management, according to the following breakdown, amounted to:

Audit fees for the auditors of the consolidated and individual financial statements	Year 2021	Year 2020
Fees charged for the audit of the consolidated and individual annual accounts	14,679.74	14,679.74
Fees charged for other audit services		

Fees charged for tax advisory services		
Other fees for services rendered		
Total	14,679.74	14,679.74

20. INFORMATION ON THE AVERAGE SUPPLIER PAYMENT PERIOD. ADDITIONAL THIRD PROVISION. "DUTY OF INFORMATION" OF LAW 15/2010, OF 5 JULY

The information in relation to the average period of payment to suppliers in commercial operations is as follows:

	2021 (current year)	2020 (year before)	
	Days	Days	
Average period of payment to suppliers	20.21	69.43	
Ratio of transactions paid	16.79	62.50	
Ratio of transactions pending payment	94.65	105.13	
	Importe (euros)	Importe (euros)	
Total payments made	3,464,933.86	1,115,486.48	
Total pending payments	159,036.19	216,457.81	

21. INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS DERIVING FROM THE STATUS OF SOCIMI, LAW 11/2009".

- No dividends have been paid out of profits in each of the financial years in which the tax regulations established in this Law has been applicable
- In the financial year 2020, the Group of companies has produced a positive result of 4.979.025,02 €, the entire amount of which has been allocated to the distribution of the dividend, after the legal reserve of 10% of the profit for the financial year has been set aside.
- The properties intended for lease and the shares in the capital of entities in fulfilment of their main corporate purpose, referred to in section 2.1 of this Law, were acquired on the following dates:

The company owns investment property. These consist of:

- Two complete properties located in Madrid, calle MANUEL TOVAR 45 47 and Manuel Tovar 47 49, with an acquisition date of 04/04/2018.
- Building located in calle Manuel Tovar 43 with acquisition date 31 July 2018
- Entire property located in Madrid, Calle Fomento 40 Río 3 with acquisition date 29 September 2019
- The identification of the asset that computes within the 80 per cent referred to in section 1 of article 3 of this Law:
 - MANUEL TOVAR 49-51: Acquisition value 3,720,000.00 (Land 2,768,807.05, Construction 951,192.95)

- MANUEL TOVAR 45 47 Acquisition value 4,000,000.00 Land 2,758,684.82 Construction 1,241,315.18.
- MANUEL TOVAR 43 Acquisition value 5,450,000.00 Land 3,417,573.00 Construction 2,032,427.00

- FOMENTO, 40 - RIO 3, Acquisition value 5,900,000.00 - Land 3,442,573.00 - Construction 2,457,940.00. This property has been revalued in this financial year, having a value of 6,829,272.95 euros, the land 3,984,197.84 and the construction of 2,845,075.11 euros

Total assets	21,852,246.12
Real estate investments	19,779,547.98
Percentage	91%

• There are NO reserves from years in which the special tax regulations established in this Law have been applicable, which have been disposed of in the tax period, other than for distribution or to offset losses, identifying the year from which said reserves originate.

In 2021 the entity does not yet meet the requirements for the SOCIMI regulations. However, it may opt to apply the special tax regulations under the terms established in Article 8 of the Law, even if the requirements of the Law are not met, provided that such requirements are met within two years from the date of the option to apply the special tax regulations. Specifically, the obligations are fulfilled by 31 December 2021:

- The main activity or corporate purpose of SOCIMIs must be the acquisition and development of urban real estate for lease and/or the holding of interests in the share capital of other SOCIMIs or in the share capital of other entities not resident in Spain that have the same corporate purpose as the former and are subject to a similar regulations
- Likewise, at least 80% of the income for each financial year excluding income derived from the transfer of shares and real estate assets assigned to its main activity must come from the lease of real estate and/or from dividends or shares in profits from other SOCIMIs or similar entities.
- Non-monetary contributions for the incorporation or capital increase that are made in real estate must be appraised at the time of their contribution by an independent expert appointed by the Mercantil Registrar
- SOCIMIs are obliged to distribute the profit obtained in each financial year to their shareholders in the form of dividends as follows:
 - 100% of the profits from dividends or shares in profits distributed by other entities
 - At least 50% of the profits derived from the transfer of real estate and shares or holdings in other entities
 - At least 80% of the rest of the profits earned, e.g. from leasing.
- SOCIMI shares must be admitted to trading on a regulated market or a multilateral trading facility, such as the MAB. The company has been listed on the EURONEXT stock exchange in March 2019.
- SOCIMIs must have a minimum capital share of 5 million EUR. As of 31 December 2021 it is 5,602,585.02 €

The real estate comprising the assets of the company must be leased for at least three years. The date of acquisition is 04/04/2018 and they have been leased since their acquisition

FORMULATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL ACCOUNTS

The Consolidated Annual Accounts for the year ending 31 December 2021 of the Company Whiteni RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A. and Group Companies comprising the Whiteni RCAJAL - MTOVAR - FOMENTO - LEGAZPI Group, which the Board of Directors of the Parent Company has formulated on 29 March 2021, is the content of the preceding 46 sheets of plain paper, on one side only, in terms of Consolidated Balance Sheet, Consolidated Profit and Loss Account, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Consolidated Annual Accounts and Consolidated Directors' Report.

Thus ratified by the members of the Board of Directors of the Parent Company in compliance with the provisions of article 253 of the Consolidated Text of the Spanish Companies Act.

In Madrid, on 31 March 2022, the Report is formulated.

Fdo:

COMPLETED REPORT YEAR 2021

GRUPO WHITENI RCAJAL - MTOVAR

PARENT COMPANY
WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A.

COMPANIES OF THE GROUP

WHITENI MTOVAR SOCIMI, S.L.

WHITENI FOMENTO SOCIMI, S.L.

PROYECTOS Y PROMOCIONES LEGAZPI SOCIMI, S.L.

1. ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE AND FUNCTIONING

1.1. Parent Company

The parent company WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A. has its registered office and tax domicile at CL MANUEL TOVAR, 43, where it carries out its activities.

The corporate purpose of the entity is:

- a) The acquisition and development of urban real estate for lease.
- b) The holding of shares in the share capital of other SOCIMIs or in other entities not resident in Spanish territory that have the same corporate purpose as the former and are subject to regulations similar to those established for SOCIMIs in terms of the mandatory legal or statutory profit distribution policy.
- c) The holding of shares in the capital of other entities, whether resident or not in Spanish territory, whose corporate purpose is the acquisition of urban real estate for lease and which are subject to the same regulations established for SOCIMIs in terms of the mandatory legal or statutory profit distribution policy and which meet the investment requirements referred to in Article 3 of the SOCIMIS Act.
- d) The holding of shares or units of Collective Real Estate Investment Undertakings governed by Law 35/2003 of 4 November, on Collective Investment Undertakings, or any regulation that may replace it in the future.
- e) Together with the economic activity derived from the main corporate purpose, the SOCIMI may carry out other ancillary activities, understood as those that together represent less than 20% of the company's income in each tax period or those that may be considered ancillary in accordance with the law applicable at any given time.

Its main activities are:

- REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT OF BUILDINGS.
- RENTAL OF INDUSTRIAL PREMISES.

Corporate activity commenced on 24 January 2018, proceeding on 5 April 2018, in accordance with articles 8 and following of Law 11/2009, of 26 October, which regulates Listed Real Estate Investment Companies, the AEAT was notified of the company's intention to apply the special regulations for SOCIMIs, and a resolution to this effect was adopted by the General Meeting of Shareholders at its meeting held on 23 January 2018.

The company was incorporated in Madrid on 5 December 2017 before the Notary Public of Madrid Mr. Jaime Recarte Casanova in a public deed with protocol number 6,880 and registered in the Mercantile Register of Madrid on 26 December 2017. The company's registration details are as follows: Volume 36.941, Section 8, folio 10 and registration sheet number M660628, 1st entry.

In March 2019, the entity was listed on the EURONEXT stock exchange.

The company is the parent company of the WHITENI RCAJAL - MTOVAR group, of which the SUBSIDIARIES ARE:

WHITENI MTOVAR SOCIMI S.L.U., with C.I.F. B88135785: has its registered office and tax domicile at Calle MANUEL TOVAR number 43, and carries out its activities at the same address.

WHITENI FOMENTO SOCIMI, S.L.U., with C.I.F. B88445986: has its registered office and tax domicile at Paseo de la Castellana 56, first floor, 28046, Madrid, and carries out its activities at the same address. The registered office as of 31 December 2019 was located at Calle María de Molina 5 and was transferred on 21 January 2020 in deed with protocol number 286 before Notary Jaime Recarte Casanova, and registered in the Madrid Mercantile Register on 30 January 2020.

PROYECTOS Y PROMOCIONES LEGAZPI SOCIMI, S.L. with C.I.F. B93639888, has its registered office and tax domicile at Calle Manuel Tovar 43, 28034 Madrid and carries out its activities at the same address. The registered office during the financial year 2020 was Urbanización Costa Galera 34, Estepona, Málaga. The change of address was made on 14 December 2020 in deed with protocol number 6214 before Notary Jaime Recarte Casanova, and with date of registration in the Mercantile Register of Madrid 10 February 2021.

The group's assets have been acquired through three complex transactions and together total 14,000 rentable square metres. The properties are in line with the investment model of the listed company, and form a balanced portfolio of rental offices with a high potential for revaluation for the Socimi's shareholders. In addition, during the 2020 financial year, PROYECTOS Y PROMOCIONES LEGAZPI SOCIMI, S.L. was incorporated into the group for the purpose of developing a property for housing in the city of Estepona.

The Whiteni RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A-M tovar group focuses its business strategy on investments in high quality rental assets with strong growth potential. The commercial policy is mainly based on the operation of offices in Madrid's financial centres, as well as, to a lesser extent, other tertiary assets in consolidated enclaves in the city centre.

The Board of Directors of the Socimi conducts its business in accordance with the rules of corporate governance contained mainly in the Articles of Association, the Regulations of the General Meeting of Shareholders and the Regulations of the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors is the body that supervises and controls the company's activity, with competence over matters such as the approval of the Group's general policies and strategies, the corporate governance and corporate social responsibility policy, the risk control and management policy and compliance with the requirements necessary to maintain the Group's status as a Socimi.

Board of Directors

The Company is governed by a Board of Directors (5 members) with extensive and recognised experience in the national and international sector.

President:

Whiteni RE, S.A. legally represented by Rafael Núñez Clavijo

Secretary non-board member:

Yolanda Calderón Caro

Board Members

Fernando de Góngora Galván Vicente Vallés Ruiz

Sonsoles Seoane García

Álvaro del Castaño Juristo

2. BUSINESS PERFORMANCE AND RESULTS

Since its flotation on the stock market in March 2019, the parent company has carried out a major real estate asset acquisition transaction through the Whiteni group entity FOMENTO SOCIMI, S.L.

The investments made by the Company result in the composition of a very balanced portfolio with excellent indicators such as Internal Rate of Return and Initial Return on acquisition cost.

The investments made respond to a disciplined strategy in which a product with great potential for generating value has been sought in highly consolidated areas of the metropolitan area and the outskirts of Madrid.

The "Net turnover" figure derived from the leasing of the acquired real estate assets amounted to 1,292,924.79 euros.

The EBITDA for 2020 amounts to EUR 1,416,824.43 (EBITDA: Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, revaluation and amortization).

3. DEVELOPMENT OF ACTION

The stock has been virtually unmoved during the year.

4. TREASURY SHARES

The company does not hold any of its own shares.

5. DIVIDEND POLICY

SOCIMIs are regulated by the special tax regime established in Law 11/2009 of 26 October, as amended by Law 16/2012 of 27 December, which regulates publicly traded investment companies in the real estate market. They shall be obliged to distribute the profit obtained in the financial year to their shareholders in the form of dividends, once the corresponding mercantile obligations have been fulfilled, and the distribution must be agreed within six months after the end of each financial year, as follows:

- a) 100% of the profits from dividends or shares in profits distributed by the entities referred to in section 1 of article 2 of this Law.
- b) At least 50% of the profits derived from the transfer of real estate and shares or holdings referred to in section 1 of article 2 of this Law, made after the periods referred to in section 3 of article 3 of this Law have elapsed, used for the fulfilment of their main corporate purpose. The remainder of these profits must be reinvested in other property or holdings assigned to the fulfilment of that object within three years of the date of transfer. This failing, such profits must be distributed in full together with any profits arising from the year in which the reinvestment period ends. If the reinvested assets are transferred before the holding period, such profits must be distributed in full together with any profits attributable to the part of those profits attributable to years in which the Company was not taxed under the special tax regulations established in the aforementioned Law.
- c) At least 80% of the remainder of the profits obtained.

The dividend must be paid within one month from the date of the distribution resolution in accordance with Article 6.1.c) of the Special SOCIMI Act.

When the distribution of dividends is charged to reserves from the profits of a year in which the special tax regulations have been applied, the distribution must be made in accordance with the resolution referred to in the previous section.

The Company is obliged to transfer 10% of its profits for the year to the legal reserve until it reaches 20% of the share capital. This reserve, as long as it does not exceed the limit of 20% of the share capital, is not distributable to shareholders. The articles of association of such companies may not provide for any unavailable reserves other than the foregoing.

<u>In the current financial year, the Company plans to distribute dividends.</u> The amount thereof shall be submitted for approval at the General Meeting of Shareholders.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

Whiteni RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A. and its subsidiaries have established a risk control system that covers their activity and is appropriate to their risk profile. These policies are controlled by the Board of Directors.

The main risk to the achievement of the group's objectives is compliance with the regulatory requirements necessary to maintain its status as a Socimi.

The risk control system also includes financial risk management. The policies to cover each type of risk are detailed in the accompanying notes.

7. AVERAGE SUPPLIER PAYMENT PERIOD

The detail of payments for commercial transactions made during the year and pending payment at the balance sheet date in relation to the maximum legal deadlines provided for in Law 15/2010, as amended by Law 31/2014, is as follows:

CONCEPT	NUMBER OF DAYS 2021	NUMBER OF DAYS 2020
Average supplier payment period	20.21	69.43

8. THE TEAM

The team of professionals that make up the Whiteni RCAJAL-MTovar 43 Group is one of its main strengths. Since its incorporation, it has selected the personnel necessary to develop its strategies and achieve its objectives.

Whiteni RCAJAL- Mtovar is a self-managed real estate investment group that integrates the management team into its organisational structure.

This internal team works exclusively - and with full dedication - for the company and its shareholders. It is made up of specialised professionals with extensive experience and a recognised track record in the real estate sector and in-depth knowledge of the market. This expert group of professionals is capable of tackling highly complex investment transactions in short periods of time and comprehensively carries out the entire value creation process: from the identification of the investment to the active management and potential turnover of the property.

The company is overseen by a Board of Directors with a large majority of independent directors who bring together expertise in the real estate, financial and legal sectors.

The Whiteni RCAJAL Group has assembled a strong team of real estate professionals with over 100 years of professional experience who are exclusively dedicated to creating value for the company and its shareholders, and to the satisfaction of its clients. Its specialisation and existing network of contacts gives the management team access to differentiated investment opportunities in the Spanish real estate market.

9. R+D ACTIVITIES

The group has not carried out any R&D activities during the financial year 2021.

10. ALTERNATIVE PERFORMANCE MEASURES

Given the recent incorporation of the Company and the date of acquisition of the investment property reflected in the balance sheet at year end, there are no alternative measures of performance for which the breakdown is material. However, the Company is assessing the implementation of these measures to be applied in the coming years.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2020

The company Whiteni Fomento Socimi, S.L. carried out a capital increase on January 14, 2021 and protocol number 65 before the notary public of Madrid Mr. Jaime Recarte Casanova for the amount of € 140,640.00 by offsetting existing credits with the parent company. The registration in the Mercantile Registry took place on February 8, 2021.

Similarly, the company WHITENI MTOVAR 43 SOCIMI, S.L. carried out a capital increase in the amount of € 816,849.00 on July 23, 2021, which was notarized before the notary public of Madrid Mr. Jaime Recarte Casanova and registered in the Mercantile Registry on August 17, 2021.

- Effects of COVID-19:

The Spanish Government has tried to alleviate the effects of COVID-19 by adopting drastic measures affecting a wide sector of society, especially all those companies whose activities are not regulated by Royal Decree-Law 10/2020, of March 29, as essential activities.

WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A. was severely affected by the pandemic situation, especially during the financial year 2020, according to the following business lines:

- Building development and promotion:

During fiscal year 2021 there were still restrictions on movements which led to a disruption in the usual development and management of real estate. At the end of fiscal year 2021, several of the leased companies continued to implement partial or total teleworking.

The most relevant mitigating factors, of the previous situation, on which the company has counted and for which the going concern principle is applied, are the following:

- Search and analysis of potential real estate operations:

RDL 8/2020 of March 17 the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Digital Transformation approved a grant of guarantees (Line of Guarantees) to financing granted by credit institutions. This Line of Guarantees was approved by the Council of Ministers on March 24, 2020 with the aim of mitigating the economic effects of COVID-19 and which were published in the BOE of March 26, 2020. The aforementioned line of guarantees is managed by the Instituto de Crédito Oficial, in collaboration with financial institutions, such as BANKINTER or CAIXA.

Based on the requirements for the application, the company WHITENI RCAJAL SOCIMI, S.A., complied with all the

requirements and was eligible to apply, through the new ICO credit lines, for financing from entities such as BANKINTER or BANKIA. As a result, the company requested and received the following ICO credits:

- The amount of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND EUROS (€100,000) from the entity BANKINTER dated June 2, 2020.
- The amount of ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY TWO THOUSAND EUROS (172,000 Euros) by the entity BANKIA (currently CAIXA) on September 9, 2020.

At the end of the year the company continues to maintain the ICO loans in force.

12. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

On April 13, 2022, the sale of the properties located at calle Manuel Tovar 45 and Manuel Tovar 49 in the city of Madrid owned by Whiteni Rcajal Socimi, S.A. was notarized before the notary public of the city of Madrid Mr. Ignacio Paz-Ares Rodríguez with protocol number 1.983. In the same deed the sale of the property owned by Whiteni Mtovar 43 Socimi, S.L. (a subsidiary of Whiteni Rcajal Socimi, S.A.) for the building located at 43 Manuel Tovar Street in the city of Madrid is carried out.

The disposal of the three aforementioned properties entailed a significant accounting profit for the companies that has been reflected, at an individual level in Whiteni Rcajal, in the year 2022.

In addition, on April 1, 2022 a merger took place between the entities Whiteni Mtovar 43 Socimi, S.L.U. and Whiteni Fomento Socimi, S.L. Specifically, the company Whiteni Fomento Socimi, S.L. carried out the merger by absorption of the entity Whiteni Mtovar 43 Socimi, S.L.U.

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Rafael Mirez Clavijo

FERNAMO DE GÓNGORA

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